THE MORNING REVIEW.

VOL. VII. NO. 72. DECATUR, ILL., SUNDAY MORNING, JAN. 25, 1885 10 CTS. PER WEEK

Clearing Sale

—OF—

MILLINERY!

AT

Mrs. K. Einstein's.

250 North Water street s - Masonic Temple Block

She will offer special inducements during the entire month. This being the last month of the season, she is anxious to reduce her stock which consists of all the latest novelties. Miss Monger, her Chicago trimmer, cannot be surpassed in this or any other city in getting up stylish hats and bonnets.

GERMANTOWN YARN:

She also has on hand a large stock of Germantown Yarn and Zephyrs, which she will sell at first cost Please call before purchasing elsewhere.

Sweeping Reduction!

In all grades of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES!

Jewlery, Silverware, and all Fancy Goods.

We have too many goods on hand, and if low prices will be an inducement to buyers, we are determined to dispose of them.

Do not buy ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH of goods in our line until you have seen our stock and prices.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.,

JEWELERS.

Parties visiting us once are sure to call again. dec7 .'ylm

Varney's Hotel.

MAROA, ILLINOIS,

Is thoroughly renovated and refurnished and open to the traveling public, with assurance o first-class accommodations at all times.

Respectfully

A. H. VARNEY, Maroa, Ill.

BOTTLED BEER.

—FOR—

Private Families.

—o—

Orders left at m Bottling Works

COR EAST MAIN & JACKSON STS.

Will be promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city. Orders from abroad solicited.

FRED KUNY.

A. D. BRIDGMAN, M. D.

Office and residence 1221 North Illinois St Call at office or Telephone No. 344.

MT. OLIVE COAL!

Is the Best Soft Coal in this part of the State because it is very free from slate and sulphur and makes

NO CLINKER

either in stoves or open grates. For the present I am selling this coal at $2.00 per ton at my yard, and $2.25 per ton delivered to any part of the city, Strictly for Cash.

R. McCLELLAND.

TELEPHONE 21.

Merchants, Bankers and Manufacturers Should Read

BRADSTREET'S

A WEEKLY JOURNAL OF TRADE FINANCE, AND PUBLIC ECONOMY.

Sixteen Pages every Saturday.

Oftentimes Twenty Pages. Sometimes Twenty-four Pages

Five Dollars A Year

The foremost purpose of BRADSTREET'S is to be of practical service to business men. It's special trade and industrial reports; its weekly epitome of bankruptcies throughout the United States and Canada, and the summaries of assets and liabilities, are alone worth the price: its synopses of recent legal decisions are exceedingly valuable. As commercial transactions, in the wider sense are coming to be more and more conducted on a statistical basis, the information contained in BRADSTREET'S is of the first importance both to producers and middlemen.

The trade and agricultural situation throughout the United States and Canada is reported by telegraph to Bradstreet's up to the hour of publication

SINGLE COPIES TEN CENTS.

THE BRADSTREET CO,

279, 281, 283 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

AMERICAN FORESTS.

Interesting Statistics of the Destruction Wrought by Fire and the Woodman's Axe.

Flag Presentations to Both Bodies of Congress—The Oklahoma Question in the Senate.

The Power of the Senate to Originate Appropriation Bills a Subject for Debate in the House.

AMERICA'S FORESTS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The ninth volume of the final report of the tenth census was completed yesterday by the publication of the valuable atlas containing sixteen maps showing the distribution of the forest trees of North America. It appears from the text of the report that the forests of North America contain arborescent representatives of 201 genera—142 in the Atlantic and fifty-nine in the Pacific region. The catalogue of forest trees contains descriptions of four hundred and twelve individual trees, but the index to this catalogue, giving the various scientific and popular names of the trees comprised in the catalogue, contains 3,220 titles. There are also tables showing the specific gravity, ash and weight per cubic foot of dry specimens of all the woods of the United States, and other tables showing the behavior of these woods under transverse strains and compression. There are also statistics of the lumbering and saw-mill industry of the United States. The total value of the wood used as sawlogs, fuel, railroad ties, fencing, handles, wheel stock, wood-pulp, baskets, excelsior, oars, shoe-pegs, etc., is estimated for the year 1880 at $700,073,094. The capital invested was $181,184,122, and the number of hands employed was 147,956. The estimated value of the wood consumed as fuel for domestic purposes alone in that year is $321,950,019, and the quantity is stated at 140,537,430 cords. The annual loss by forest fires is estimated at $25,462,250.

NOMINATIONS SENT TO THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate yesterday: Stanford E. Chaille, of Louisiana, member of the National Board of Health; Lucius H. Foote, of California, Minister Resident and Consul-General of the United States at Corea; Nelson A. Dunning, of Michigan, United States Consul at Auckland; Captain A. F. Rockwell, Assistant Quartermaster, to be Major and Quartermaster; Andrew S. Draper, of New York, Judge of the Court of Alabama Claims; John F. Hartranft, Collector of Customs at Philadelphia; A. M. Baldwin, Collector of Customs at Newark, N. J.; William S. Steel, of Pennsylvania, Coiner of the Mint in Philadelphia, and Henry S. Huidekoper, postmaster at Philadelphia.

HAVE NOT ABANDONED THE BANKRUPTCY BILL.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Representative Collins, who has charge of the Bankruptcy bill, was asked to define the chances of its passage. He replied: "We do not give up the fight yet. There is still a hope that it will pass. The position of the National Board of Trade is already well known, and that organization has done all in its power to create a sentiment in behalf of the bill. We shall try to suspend the rules on next suspension day. Failing in that we shall make a final trial during the last six days of the session. Some of the best parliamentarians are of the opinion that we can pass it with a simple majority during the last days of the session.

THE PRESIDENT TO PRACTICE LAW IN NEW YORK.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—One of the President's intimate friends said Thursday evening that on leaving the White House General Arthur would reopen his law office in New York and devote his entire time to practice. He has a very handsome suite of office rooms, which he visited on his last trip to New York, and directed that they be refitted for his occupancy after March 4.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Vice-President Edmunds yesterday morning presented to the Senate a memorial from the Women's Silk-Culture Association of Philadelphia, reciting the success, through the efforts of the association, of silk culture in the homes of this country, craving the good will and influence of Congress, and asking the Senate to accept, as the representatives of the American people, a flag made of silk raised in American homes by American women and children, and reeled, spun, dyed, woven and mounted in Philadelphia. This flag, which was a subject of much admiration, was carried to the Vice-President's desk immediately after the reading of the memorial. Senator Beck offered a resolution, expressing the high appreciation and thanks of the Senate for the flag and admiration of the efforts and success of the Women's Silk Culture Association in their patriotic purpose to ameliorate the industrial condition of their country women and enlarge and diversify female employment in the United States. Senator Morgan happily welcomed the flag with all its meaning, to the hall of the Senate. Senator Dawes congratulated the country on its development in silk culture. Senator Beck's resolution was then passed.

Senator Vest's resolution to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to ascertain upon what terms the Seminole Indians would surrender to the Government their interest in the Oklahoma lands was amended to include also the Creek Indians, and was then presented to the Senate for consideration. Senator Sherman said that the questions involved were of such importance that the matter should be referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs for deliberate consideration. Senator Plumb offered a substitute for Senator Vest's resolution requesting the President to enter, as speedily as possible into negotiation with such tribes as may be in possession of more lands than enough to give each adult male one hundred and sixty acres, with a view of acquiring the surplus for actual white settlers. Senator Conger would support none of the resolutions. He looked upon them as bold-faced schemes to rob the Indians. Senator Ingalls thought the denunciation of the resolutions by the Senator from Michigan showed ignorance of the whole subject. The question of opening Oklahoma must be settled. Nothing could oppose the emigrant tide of the Anglo-Saxon race, and other lands being now virtually exhausted, the people were looking to Oklahoma. Senator Vest and Plumb, replying to Senator Conger, said that their resolutions were for the good of the Indians, and Senator Vest added to his assertion the statement that his action had won the approbation of representatives of the Creek Nation now in Washington. Replying to Senator Ingalls, Senator Conger said the question was evidently to be regarded as a matter of "manifest destiny." This was treating it as Charles Lamb had treated the subject of murder—as a "fine art." Senator Ingalls raised a laugh at Mr. Conger's expense by interposing with the remark that he had been under the impression that it was De Quincey who had so treated murder. Senator Conger acknowledging the correction, complimented Mr. Ingalls' memory, and, continuing, said that the Senator's remarks showed that the question, how to get possession of the Indian lands, was now to be treated as a fine art. After further debate the resolutions of Senators Vest and Plumb were referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs. The Senate went into executive session, and when the doors reopened it adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Speaker Carlisle presented to the House yesterday a memorial and a flag from the Woman's Silk-Culture Association of Philadelphia similar to those presented to the Senate, and seeking similar results. Mr. Kelley offered a resolution expressing the thanks and appreciation of the House, which, after a few happily put speeches, was adopted.

Mr. Hurd, arising to a question of privilege, called attention to the fact that certain bills appropriating money from the Treasury, which bills had originated in the Senate, were now on the Speaker's table, to wit, the Blair educational bill and many others. He asserted that such bills were in violation of the privileges of the House to exclusively originate bills for raising revenue. He offered a resolution directing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the power of the Senate to originate bills appropriating revenue. For many years he had viewed with apprehension the increasing number of appropriation bills originating in the Senate. So long as they were confined to matters of local or personal interest he had made no objection, but when the Senate originated a bill appropriating $100,000,000 and affecting a great public purpose he thought the time had come to call a halt, at least until the rights of the Senate in the matter could be investigated. Mr. Herbert inquired where, in the Constitution, any distinction could be found between the power of the Senate to originate bills appropriating a specific sum for a specific object and bills appropriating a specific sum for general purposes, as in the case of the Blair bill. Mr. Hurd denied the power of the Senate to originate a bill of either character. Mr. J. S. Wise said this privileged question was a direct attack on what he conceived to be the most important measure before Congress. Mr. Willis regarded the resolution as an unusual and extraordinary one. The aim it had in view was to call into question the constitutionality of the Educational bill. The point would have been better made against some bill less worthy than this. From month to month he had been trying to get action on this bill, which, under the infamous system of the House rules, was buried on the Speaker's table. After further discussion Mr. Hurd's resolution was defeated—yeas, 127; nays, 123. A motion to reconsider was lost and the House adjourned until eight o'clock, when it devoted a short session to the Mexican Pension bill.

NO BONES IN HIS BODY.

Death of a Man Who Shrunk in Height Over One Foot—His Disease Attributed to Drinking Water Impregnated with Arsenic.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—In the death of George Buck, Monday evening, one of the most remarkable cases known in medical history came to a close. The patient, startling as it may seem, died without a particle of bone-structure, except the hip and knee joints, and even they had lost almost all the qualities of bone. Buck died at his residence at the corner of Racine avenue and Dunning street, in Lake View. He leaves a wife and two children. The deceased was thirty-six years of age. The remains were taken to Marengo, McHenry County, for interment.

Dr. Webb, the physician who had been in attendance on the deceased since July last, was interviewed. He gave a history of Buck's life, as related by the latter to him, and among the incidents was the following, in the Doctor's language:

In 1873 Buck went to Nevada and worked in gold, silver, copper and lead mines. He drank a great quantity of water, which was clear and sweet, and was said to contain great quantities of arsenic. His disease was probably caused by the arsenic in the water. Buck remained there ten months. He became so weak and bloated so badly that he could not work. In 1875 he was engaged in chopping trees, but his bones commenced to pain him so badly that he could not stand the work.

"On October 6 I examined Buck. I found he had shrunk from five feet eight inches to four feet and seven inches, pulse 131, temperature normal, respiration 22 and labored; I found an aortic heart murmur or an abnormal condition of the blood in the heart; there was some bloating of the limbs; the appetite was good, he slept well, the mind was clear, and memory good, but there were no material changes until January 7, after which date he began to sink rapidly. Death occurred January 19. On the following day I held a post-mortem examination. Dr. Seiter, across the street, Dr. Porter, and Dr. Gates, of the Marine Hospital, assisted me. We found the body measured four feet and seven inches. His original length was five feet eight inches This was a more favorable measurement than others, because he was laid at full length. The right femur, for instance, was only about half as long as it should have been. It measured eleven inches The body was in a horrible condition. It was flattened, the chest-bone and anterior crevices of the spinal column were almost touching. The bone in the body had all dissolved, and was simply blood red matter that resembled liver in its normal state. I could have taken a leg, an arm, or a finger and bent it in any shape or tied it in a knot. The cranium was in the same condition. It resembled a foot-ball, inasmuch as any portion could be pushed in and then it would resume its shape again. The ribs I found like the other dissolved bones, and they had folded over themselves as a fan is folded, having been forced into this position by the shrinkage or contraction of the body. This red matter which has taken the place of bone structure I am not yet able to say what it is, but I will make microscopical examinations and report to the medical journals. The only semblance of bone we found were the large joints in the knees and hips, which had not wholly dissolved, but they were so soft that a knife could be pushed through them easily.

"I have been searching the medical works thoroughly," continued the doctor, "and the physicians who assisted me in the post mortem examination have done likewise, but we can not find any cases like this. Only a few slightly similar ones are on record. The one which resembles it the most closely was discovered in the Virchow clinic in Berlin in 1873."

Nellie Horan Held for Murder.

WHITEWATER, Wis., Jan. 24.—The examination in the Horan poisoning case was brought to a conclusion yesterday. After some unimportant testimony had been adduced, the District Attorney said he had sixteen more witnesses to testify, but that he would rest his case. The defendant held a short consultation with her attorney, T. D. Weeks, who finally said that they would make their defense in the Circuit Court, and asked that the prisoner be held for trial. The defendant will to-day be placed in the county jail at Elkhorn. She will have no trouble in securing bail, as many respectable parties are willing to assist her, having every confidence in her innocence.

Arrested at the Prison Door.

JOLIET, Ill., Jan. 24.—Michael Murphy, a Chicago burglar, finished his two-year term at the penitentiary yesterday morning, but was re-arrested at the prison door by a Chicago detective. Murphy is charged with the murder of Dr. Prescott, who was found dead in his bath-house some three years ago. Murphy says this is a scheme worked up against him by an old pal, and that he can easily prove his innocence of Dr. Prescott's murder; but it is understood here that the Chicago police have a clear case against him.

A Druggist's Fatal Mistake.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 24.—Captain M. J. Farrell, chief of Farrell's detective agency of this city, died at eleven o'clock Thursday night. While the Captain was suffering from a severe cold Wednesday night his physician prescribed aconite, thirty drops to be put into an ounce of water. The druggist filled an ounce bottle full of pure aconite. The drug was administered, and Captain Farrell was dead in a short time.

Tammany's New Officers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The Tammany Hall Committee on Organization elected the following officers last night: Chairman, John Kelly; First Vice-Chairman, Hugh J. Grant, the recent nominee for Mayor; Second Vice-Chairman, John McQuade; Treasurer, Police Justice John J. Gorman. A committee was appointed to arrange for a delegation to attend the inauguration of President Cleveland.

THEY TAKE A REST.

Little Business Done in Either Illinois House—An Adjournment Until Monday.

A Test Vote on the Liquor Question Shows the Indiana House to be Very Close.

The Assemblies in Wisconsin and Michigan Hold Brief Sessions—Bills Introduced.

ILLINOIS.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 24.—In the House yesterday Crafts followed the opening prayer and the reading of the journal by a motion for a call of the House. No Democrats answered to their names, but all the Republicans responded. Fuller raised a point of order that the presiding officer—Cronkrite—could not refuse to take cognizance of his own presence, and also of the presence of the gentleman who asked for the call of the roll. Cronkrite ruled him out of order. Fuller replied that nothing seemed to be in order except the Democratic caucus programme to adjourn. Cronkrite ordered Fuller to take his seat. Fuller retorted that he had no seat, when McDonald said that the seat he wanted seemed to be occupied. Fuller denounced the whole business as a roaring farce. The members sang "Marching Through Georgia," and chaffed one another until Taylor moved to adjourn sine die. This was ruled out of order. Fuller moved to adjourn. Ruled out. Cronkrite refused to entertain an appeal. Fuller moved to adjourn until six o'clock Monday evening. The Democrats were willing, provided the roll was not called. Kimbrough moved that when the House do adjourn it be until Monday evening. Carried—71 to 63. Crafts then moved to adjourn. Adopted—77 to 69.

In the Senate a resolution by Funk, indorsing DeWitt C. Smith for United States Commissioner of Agriculture, was laid over under the rules. Tubbs introduced a bill providing for the election of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners for terms of two, four and six years, the terms to be decided by lot. Berggren's bill provides they shall be appointed by the Governor for similar terms. Clough introduced a bill in relation to elections, recommended by the Citizens' Association of Chicago, the Union League and Iroquois Club. The Senate adjourned until five o'clock Monday evening.

WISCONSIN.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 24.—Both houses held brief and unimportant sessions yesterday adjourning over till Monday night. In the Senate, a batch of bills was introduced allowing the Chicago, Freeport & St. Paul Railway to construct bridges over a large number of Wisconsin streams. In the Assembly, bills were introduced exempting from taxation the Milwaukee Exposition property; providing for the better classification of statistics sent to the Secretary of State from the County Clerks, and increasing from five to ten cents per mile the fees of Sheriffs for removing persons to insane asylums.

MICHIGAN.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 24.—The Legislature adjourned till Monday evening. Bills were introduced: In the Senate to amend the act relative to public instruction and primary schools; to provide for ready reference in the general laws of the State and declare the effect of such; to repeal the act relative to jury fees in civil courts; to repeal the act to prevent debtors from giving preference to creditors and to compel assignments. In the House, an act respecting the names of corporations, and classifying names and number of directors; to preserve public records, rolls and papers; to establish Boulevard act; to amend the Detroit House of Correction act; providing for the compensation of members of the State Board of Agriculture; to exempt honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines from paying poll-tax.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 24.—The Senate, after a prolonged discussion, defeated the constitutional convention proposition. Committees reported on a number of bills. Senate bill 9—the one providing that the trustees of townships in Marion County shall be absolved from liabilities for losses occasioned by the failure of banks—was indefinitely postponed. By a strict party vote the door keeper was allowed five and the secretary two additional assistants.

In the House the regular order of business was resumed, and the report of the Committee on Rights and Privileges, recommending the indefinite postponement of the Civil Rights bill, introduced by Mr. Townsend, colored, of Wayne, was taken up. Mr Gooding moved that the bill be recommitted to the Judiciary Committee, with instructions to report what discrimination exists against the colored race. Mr. Townshend favored the recommitment, and it was so ordered. The bill ordering elections of county school superintendents in 1885 was passed. Mr. Robinson's bill to repeal the act authorizing aliens to hold real estate was engrossed and ordered to a third reading, as was also Mr. Staley's to require the teaching of "hygiene and physiology" in the public schools, with special reference to the effects of alcohol upon the human system. Mr. Williams, of Knox, moved to strike out the enacting clause of the bill, intending to thus kill it, and the yeas and nays were called for, resulting in the defeat of the motion by a close vote of 45 in the affirmative against 48 in the negative. This was the first ballot in the House directly or indirectly involving the temperance question. Mr. McMullen's bill, requiring pauper physicians of counties to conduct post-mortem examinations of bodies upon which inquests are held by the Coroners when post mortems shall be deemed necessary, came up for second reading and was discussed at some length.

General Hatch's Advice to the Boomers.

CALDWELL, Kan., Jan. 24.—The latest advices from General Hatch's headquarters at Camp Russell are dated January 19, having been delayed by storms. General Hatch and Lieutenant Finley were then waiting for Major Dawes, who left Fort Reno the day before with three troops of cavalry. The latest count of the boomers says there are 375 of them. On Tuesday notice was served on Couch's colony at Stillwater that the President had given orders for their ejectment, and warning the boomers that the killing of a soldier for obeying these orders was simply murder. The colony is urged to appeal to the law for an adjustment of their grievances.

A Sad Affair.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 24.—News reached this city yesterday of the drowning of Jesse K. Robinson, a young farmer residing near Heathsville, Va., and two children of Mrs. Mattie Newbold, to whom Robinson was to have been married next Wednesday. Robinson was pulling the children on a sled across the frozen river when the ice gave way. The children disappeared at once under the ice. Robinson became exhausted when about twenty feet from shore and was also drowned. He was thirty-two years old and the children were aged five and nine respectively.

Wisconsin G. A. R. at a Banquet.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 24.—At a banquet of the Grand Army of the Republic last evening there was a great crowd. General Fairchild presided. Toasts were responded to by General Bragg, Colonel Vilas, Governor Rusk and others. A letter was read from General Sherman. Major James Davidson, of Sparta, was chosen department commander.

Arkansas Senatorial Deadlock.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 24.—The six ballots taken by the Legislature yesterday for Senator developed no material change. The last ballot stood: Dunn, 43; Berry, 41; Jones, 33; Duval, 5; Harris, 2; Rose, 1.

BUSINESS REVIEW.

Unsatisfactory Condition of General Trade —The Failure Record for the Week.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—*Bradstreet's Journal* in its commercial summary says: "The severity of the weather during the past week has exercised an unfavorable influence on general trade, as shown by special telegrams from various centers West and Northwest. *Bradstreets* advices from Cincinnati, Omaha and Indianapolis emphasize this point. At New Orleans the course of general trade is discouraging: at Chicago there has been a decrease in the volume of transactions, except in a few lines; at St. Louis there is not much commercial activity: at Savannah business is fairly satisfactory, while at Charleston, S. C., Des Moines, Ia., and at Topeka and Lawrence, Kan., the reverse is the rule. Kansas City reports the customary amount of business at this season of the year. Pittsburgh admits a somewhat better demand for groceries and dry goods. Detroit's commerce at this time compares favorably with last year at the corresponding period, while trade at Philadelphia is said to be improving with the influx of small orders. At Boston no branch of business is reported to be especially active, except that of dry goods.

The widely-published reports of an improved iron trade appears to be confined to the West, and even there to some gain as to inquiry. Season delivery contracts are not specified in the announcements. At Pittsburgh the iron trade is the reverse of encouraging, and east of Ohio and north of Maryland two-thirds of the entire output of crude iron is being made at present.

Cotton continued to decline during the early portion of the week, but the decreasing receipts finally stiffened prices.

The interior demand for grocery staples eas sustained a slight improvement, but is still behind the expectations of dealers.

The consumptive demand for wool has been a little more active, and the market generally is firm at unchanged prices.

The forward movement of wheat and corn from the Northwest and West is heavier, and promises to continue so.

There were 386 failures in the United States reported to *Bradstreet's* during the week, against 445 in the preceding week, and 310, 289 and 205 in the corresponding weeks of 1884, 1883 and 1882, respectively. Classified by sections and compared with last week the result is as follows:

STATES.	Last Week.	Previous Week.	Increase.	Decrease.
Middle	67	81	....	14
New England	43	52	....	9
Southern	95	109	....	14
Western	143	166	....	23
Pacific and Territories	38	37	1	....
Total	386	445	1	60
Canada	30	37	....	7

DYNAMITE IN CHICAGO.

Timely Discovery of an Infernal Machine Among a Lot of Stolen Books.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Among the lot of books stolen from the public library in this city by J. C. Talbot, whose arrest was chronicled yesterday, were found by the police twelve boxes, each a foot long, eight inches wide and six inches deep were found to be filled with dynamite. Among them [illegible] placed inside with a crank to make it explode. Detective Bonfield carefully went to work to open the box containing the revolver, and in half an hour the apparatus was rendered harmless. The box was found to contain glycerine and sawdust, which, if ignited by turning the crank, would have in a few minutes caused the dynamite to explode.

The prisoner, who stole the books from the public library, and whose real name is Otto Funk, was interviewed in regard to the matter. He said he was only experimenting with the stuff and had it for no evil purpose. He, being a student, had prepared it himself. He admitted that the preparation in the boxes was genuine dynamite, and enough to blow up a structure larger than the court-house.

Six years ago Talbot was arrested for stealing books from Jansen, McClurg & Co. He was thought to be insane and escaped punishment. He says he never stole any books again until he was disappointed in love, and the old desire for books returned. He worked in the library fifteen months, and left last October. Three loads were taken to the library yesterday, 3,219 volumes in all. Talbot says all the other books belong to him.

JUSTICE TAKES A LIFE.

Thomas J. Chapman Hanged for Murdering Nicholas Hubbard.

CHARLESTON, Ill., Jan. 24.—Thomas J. Chapman was hanged here yesterday for the murder of Nicholas Hubbard in Humbold township, Coles County, August 17, 1884. The murderer had confessed his guilt. The execution took place in the jail-yard, which was crowded with spectators. Just before being led to the scaffold the murderer engaged in prayer with several persons, including W. H. Johnson, his uncle, and Rev. S. McIntyre, the crowd meanwhile yelling impatiently on the outside. Chapman said nothing on the scaffold, but shook Mr. McIntyre's hand. The drop was six feet, and the murderer died in eight minutes. After the execution the body was exposed for a short time to the public view

[The murder of Hubbard was committed at his home, ten miles northeast of Mattoon, Ill., on Sunday night, August 17, 1884. He was a bachelor and wealthy, and reputed to keep considerable money about him. He spent a portion of Sunday at a neighboring camp-meeting, and shortly after his return home the neighbors heard shots and cries of distress. They found Hubbard dead at the door-way, with a bullet hole in his head. Suspicion was at once directed against Chapman, who had worked for him, and, when arrested, some clothes and valuable articles belonging to the deceased were found in his trunk. Subsequently he confessed his guilt.]

The Fire Record.

FOND DU LAC, Wis., Jan. 24.—At an early hour yesterday a fire originated in Heidler's saloon, and before it had been brought under control it had destroyed five store buildings, making an aggregate loss of $15,000; insurance, $6,000.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 24.—Fire was discovered in the building owned by T. Ewing Miller and occupied by Woodrow, Scott & McAllister, furniture dealers and manufacturers, Thursday night. It was the largest establishment of the kind in Central Ohio. Everything, including the building, was destroyed. The loss to stock is estimated at $65,000; building, $15,000; both insured.

Cleveland at a Commencement.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 24.—President-elect Cleveland attended the commencement exercises at the State Normal School yesterday afternoon. In presenting the diplomas he expressed pleasure at participating in the exercises. He referred to the importance of education, and hoped that the diplomas presented would ever be souvenirs of happy days.

STILL ON TOP

J. R. RACE & CO

The Leading Gents' Furnishers and Clothiers offer

EXTRAORDINARY LOW BARGAINS

IN

Holiday Goods,

Including the largest line of Silk Handkerchiefs, fine silk and cashmere Mufflers ever shown in the city. An elegant variety of plush and silk neckwear in the latest styles and shapes. If you want to make a present, buy one of our fine silk umbrellas. Examine them and you will say they are the finest!

Overcoat Tumble

Men's OVERCOATS from $2.50 to the finest made. Boys' Overcoats in proportion. Our line of Business and Dress Suits Can Not be Surpassed. The papers are full of BOGUS, GREAT MARK DOWNS, SHERIFF SALES, BANKRUPT STOCKS, Etc., Etc., But can you tell if they are Bogus or Square?

J. R. RACE & CO.

Are Responsible for what they SAY or DO and you take no chances. Goods purchased of us are guaranteed to give satisfaction. Our

Merchant Tailoring Department

Is complete. If you want a nobby and stylish suit or overcoat [illegible] we will please you. Come in and see us and you will be convinced that we sell Good Straight Goods for Less Money than any house in Decatur.

All Goods exchanged with pleasure if not satisfactory to purchaser!

J. R. RACE & CO.

Responsible Clothiers and Gents' Furnishers.

129 & 135 Water St., Decatur. Ill.

ONE WEEK MORE!

CLOAKS AND MILLINERY!

60 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, NET CASH, FOR

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods!

DRESS GOODS,

SILK VELVETS

BROCADES, HOSIERY, NOTIONS,

PRINTS, GINGHAMS, MUSLINS, FLANNELS

ETC., ETC.

You can't afford to miss this sale.

Respectfully,

S. G. HATCH & BRO.

Powers' Block, East Main Street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FREE BUS,

PALACE HOTEL.

143 and 153 S. Main st.

Decatur, Illinois.

Entirely remodeled and refitted. It is now one of the most thoroughly equipped hotels in this section of the State. Large comfortable rooms, with new and elegant furniture. No pains will be spared to make guests comfortable and to feel at home.

RATES, $1.50 to $2.00 Per Day

A Free Bus will be run to all trains. The attention of Traveling Men is called to our accommodations.

Special rates to theatrical Companies.

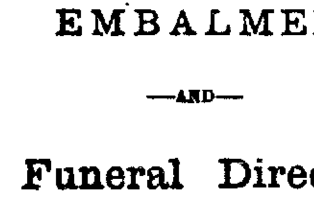
N. LAUX, Proprietor.

P. PERL,

EMBALMER

—AND—

Funeral Director



140, 142, 144, 144 South Main St., TELEPHONE 53

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

[illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

VIRGINIA FARMS & MILLS For Sale & Exchange. FREE Catalogue. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Richmond, Va.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York

FITS A Leading London Physician Establishes an Office in New York. From Am. Journal of Med. "Dr. Ab. Meserole, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any other living physician. His success has simply been astonishing; we have heard of cases of over 20 years' standing cured by him. He guarantees a cure." Large bottle and Treatise sent free. Give P.O. and Express address to DR. AB. MESEROLE, No. 96 John St., New York.

Parker's Tonic.

A Pure Family Medicine that Never Intoxicates.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties, try PARKER'S TONIC.

If you have Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or Urinary Complaints, or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves, you can be cured by PARKER'S TONIC.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take PARKER'S TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives, it may save yours.

CAUTION!—Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular

HISCOX & CO.,

163 William Street, New York.

[illegible] at all dealers in medicines. Great saving in buying dollar sizes.

THE REVIEW

JACK & MIZE, Proprietors.

ST. LOUIS has had the first case of cholera, and Chicago is mad about it.

The democratic senatorial caucus will be held on Tuesday evening, Feb 3d.

DOES Decatur want the state fair? If so, every interested should turn out and work for it.

THE friends of Blaine claim for him the honor of the election of Evarts in New York.

WHAT would Mr. Cleveland do if he struck a republican officeholder like Haines, whom he wished to remove?

IT is said that Sam Randall will not be a candidate for the speakership next fall. Sam is beginning to see his own weakness.

WHAT is the reason "Long" Jones and others are gradually letting up on the prosecution of Joe Mackin and others at Chicago for election frauds? They must see that some very good republicans are likely to be convicted.

PHILADELPHIA at last conceded the propriety of permitting the old Independence bell to be taken to New Orleans to be exhibited at the great show. It was shipped on a special car, and was escorted from Independence Hall to the railway depot by 300 policemen.

THE Mexican pension bill has received another black eye in congress in consequence of the senate amendment, and its passage at the present session is hardly probable, although the friends of the measure will use every effort to bring it up before adjournment.

THE legislature will meet again to-morrow evening at six o'clock. Nothing will be done, but to adjourn till the next morning, when it is hoped there will be a full house, and a vote for speaker taken. The impression appears to be that Haines will be elected.

THE Decatur Republican says: "It is estimated that 100,000 men previously unemployed, have obtained work in manufacturing enterprises since January 1. In addition to these, a large number of miners—10,000 in one Pennsylvania county—have resumed work within the last few weeks."

This is a candid admission from an [illegible] trouble and distress among laboring men as a result of democratic success. The truth is that the hard times followed republican management for 24 years, and light is breaking as the time for the democracy to assume power approaches.

AMONG the different persons named for cabinet positions is Hon. Wm. M. Springer for secretary of the interior. The selection of Mr. Springer would doubtless receive the hearty indorsement of the democracy of the whole country. He is recognized as one of the most careful, pains-taking members of congress, and he would grace the higher position for which his name is mentioned.

THE Chicago Tribune, replying to the remark that "if Jeff Davis had joined the republicans at the close of the war, he would not now be considered a traitor," says:

If Jeff had joined the republican party he would in that act have confessed that his whole life had been a blunder; that his political career had been based on a false and exploded heresy; that he was a perjured traitor when he went out of the United States senate, and that the confederacy was a criminal conspiracy to perpetuate and extend slavery.

Billy Mahone can in this see how he is looked upon by his friends.

School Report.

The following is a report of the Disbrow school for the month beginning December 15th, 1884 and ending January 20th, 1885, during which time the school has been in session 20 days: Number enrolled, 18; number of days attendance, 303; average daily attendance, 15 3-20. Those who were neither absent nor tardy during the month, were Ida Ritchie, Josiah Allen, Clay Allen and Jennie Trimmer. Those not absent during the month, Mattie Bridwell, Davie Trimmer and Lee Disbrow. Ida Ritchie ranked number 1 in advanced grade—average 98 1-7. Parents are invited to visit the school.

OLLIE REED, Teacher.

Report of Westfield School

for the month ending January 23, 1885: number of pupils enrolled during month, 26; number examined, 20; number of days taught, 20; average daily attendance, 17 1-10. Those who were neither absent nor tardy during month are: Judith Clark, Tilda Dixon, Chas Car, Chas. Blankenship, Abner Gasaway. Parents are cordially invited to come and inspect our work.

O. H. HANNON, Teacher.

Cheap Entertainments.

Tickets for the remaining lecture course, consisting of Bob Burdette, The Nashville Students, and Joseph Cook, including reserved seats, can now be had for $1.00.—[A. H. MILLS, Secretary. j21d4t

Attention.

Parties wishing to haul their own coal can get it as cheap at my yard as at the shaft.

f41f GEO. W. EHRHART.

DONE BY DYNAMITERS.

The British House of Parliament Blown Up, and an Attempt Made to Destroy the Tower of London.

Both Places Filled with Visitors at the Time of the Explosion—Wild Excitement.

LONDON, January 24, 2:10 p. m.—An alarming explosion has just occurred in the house of parliament. The houses of parliament and the government offices were shaken and considerable damage was done. They were

TWO EXPLOSIONS

instead of one, as at first supposed, at the parliament houses. The second came about three minutes after the first. One was near the house of commons, the other at Westminster Hall. One man was arrested near the scene of the explosion.

A GREAT NUMBER OF VISITORS.

Saturday being the usual visiting day at the house of parliament, the buildings contained a great number of sight-seers at the time of the explosions. The first explosion occurred in the crypt of Westminster Hall, and the second took place in the stranger's gallery in the House of Commons. Immediately before the first explosion a lady visitor, who was alone and about to enter the buildings, beckoned a policeman and called his attention to

A PACKAGE LYING UPON THE STEPS

outside the crypt. The policeman picked up the package carelessly, not suspecting anything, and went with it out into Westminster Hall. He no sooner reached the hall than the package exploded.

THE EXPLOSION KNOCKED

the policeman down and stunned two others standing near. The lady and gentleman who discovered the package were also prostrated. The great window of Westminster Hall was demolished and the side windows blown out. In the interior of the House of Commons, and upon the floor the only seat damaged was

A small chip was also torn off the top of the speaker's chair. The explosion caused a panic among the visitors. Those who were in the House of Commons fled precipitate, and many of the ladies were bruised in the crush. A lady visiting the House of Commons was seriously hurt. The western extremity of the house is a total wreck. Every pane of glass in the house was smashed. Immense damage was done in the lobby, the masonry, decorations and sculpture being utterly destroyed. The place is described as litterally blown to pieces. The shock was felt in Pall Mall, and persons in the vicinity say the very earth shook.

THE PEERS GALLERY DEMOLISHED.

The second explosion in the parliament buildings occurred three minutes later than the first, and was far more destructive. The dynamite which caused the second explosion, must have been placed

UNDER THE PEERS' GALLERY.

on the left side. Little hope is entertained of the wounded policeman. The force of the explosion was such that one man was blown to the earth 300 yards from the point of explosion. The lobby of the House of Commons was completely demolished.

POLICEMAN COLE'S HEROISM.

The fuse burned so rapidly and so quickly upon the machine the officer dropped it. An explosion followed immediately. One half of the hall was wrecked. The explosion in the lobby of the House of Commons occurred three minutes later than the one in Westminster Hall. It came

DIRECTLY UNDER THE STRANGERS GALLERY,

and very close to the seat usually occupied by Bradlaugh when visiting the Commons. The lobby is completly wrecked and the gallery torn down: The speaker's chair was destroyed and the massive stone work displaced.

A CLEW TO THE PERPETRATORS

of the outrage is thought to have been discovered. Just before the explosion occurred a man and a woman, the latter carrying a hand bag, engaged a cab outside the parliament yard, and drove rapidly away, giving no directions as to their destination.

THE PERPETRATORS ARRESTED.

They had not gone far when the explosion happened. The cabman, hearing this stopped the cab. The man and woman at once leaped out and hastened quickly from the spot. The cabman went in pursuit of the runaways, who were soon overtaken and arrested by the police.

Another Explosion.

LONDON, January 24.—At 2 p. m. another explosion occurred at London Tower. Fourteen persons were injured. The White Tower is said to be in ruins, but later reports say stories of the damage to the White Tower were somewhat exaggerated. The White Tower building is not destroyed. It is now said that the structure was not seriously injured. A large number of children were among the visitors. Many of these little ones had their faces and hands badly torn by broken glass and flying splinters.

O'Donnovan Rossa Rejoices.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—When O'Donnovin Rossa was told about the explosion in the Houses of Parliament, he said he was glad to hear the news; that the Houses of Parliament ought to have been blown up long ago.

Wilbur Opera Company.

The Press, Lexington, Ky., in speaking of the Wilbur Opera company, says: "Notwithstanding the horribly inclement evening, the opera house was well filled with music-loving people to hear the Wilbur Opera company, the best that visits Lexington, and for that matter the best on the road. The members of this magnificent troupe are old favorites in Lexington, and our people always accord them a hearty welcome. The company has lost none of its many good voices since it was here last. Susie Kirwin is as pretty, as vivacious and as charming as ever. As one of her ardent admirers remarked last night, she is the cutest and most charming little lady on the stage. Her voice is incomparbly fine, oftentimes causing a thrill of joyous sensations to well up from the soul and run up to the brain. Her voice has all the exhilarating effects of champagne, without the 'next morning' feeling brought on by the sparkling beverage. Mr. Brand, the only real Cupid on the stage, is just as handsome as ever, and, if such a thing could be, sings better than ever. But we will not longer indulge in individual distinction. There are a score of good voices in the Wilbur Opera company, and our people will miss a rare musical treat if they do not hear them this afternoon in 'Olivette' and to-night in the great London success, 'Estrella.' It is so seldom that Lexington is visited by so celebrated and really first class company like Wilbur's, that they should be given an ovation this afternoon at the matinee and to-night. Secure seats at Barnes & Co.'s." Popular prices: Reserved seats 75c., dress circle 50c., gallery 35c.

A Mountain Pink.

Laura Dainty will appear here next [illegible] in "A Mountain Pink," of which the Chicago Herald says the following: "At the Standard theatre last evening a fair audience witnessed Laura E. Dainty's capital impersonation of Sincerity Weeks, in Baron and Bates' play, "A Mountain Pink." Miss Dainty, although she has played all around Chicago, had never until last night the pleasure of appearing in it before a Chicago audience. She was very favorably received, and at the end of the first act was burdened down with floral tributes. After the performance nearly one hundred friends met her on the stage and congratulated her on her success. Miss Dainty has certainly made rapid progress in her art, and success for her on the stage now seems assured." Prices 35, 50 and 75 cents.

IT is to be hoped that the report that two men have died of Asiatic cholera in St. Louis, may prove untrue, for it is too close for comfort. It seems strange that cholera should exist at this season, but we suppose it possible. It is at any rate a warning to us to prepare for its coming, for when warm weather comes, it may be here. The many railroad lines from the seaboard to the interior will carry the disease everywhere and if it once reaches our shores, it will soon spread all over the whole country. Being an inland town will help us very little.

Underwear and Hosiery.

Ladies, men's and children's in all grades, kinds and qualities, and at about half actual value. We will quote the prices to you when we place the goods before you.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE. j20d&w1w

THE greatest foe of American people is consumption; its victims number many thousands each year. Physicians and druggists have at last found a remedy which they feel justified in recommending. This is Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which cures consumption in stages that other remedies are of no benefit. It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung diseases speedily and safely. Price, 50 cents and $1. Trial bottles free.

Progressive.

Push on, go ahead, press forward, advancing, undeviating, driving, impulsive, resolute, sleepless, tireless, lashing, prompt pay, bold, skillful, constant, energetic, patient, confident, modern and enterprising shoe store of L. L. FERRIES & Co.

Tax Notice.

I have received the tax books, and am now ready to receive payment for taxes. Call at my office, over Gorin, Dawson & Co.'s bank, entrance from Merchant street side.—[CHAS. C. RADCLIFF, Collector. j10d2w

Gent's Fashionable

Calf sewed $3 shoe. None genuine without L. L. Ferris & Co.'s name stamped on the sole. Don't pay $4.50 any more at other stores. Truly millennium has come.

TELLTALE TELEPHONES

A DEVICE BY WHICH OPERATORS ARE DETECTED IN FLIRTING.

Every New York "Central" Office To Be Provided with a "Monitor Desk"—How It Works and the Gratifying Results.

[New York Herald.]

In a few days every central telephone office in this city will have a monitor desk in it, and then the dapper clerk and the blue-eyed maiden with the mocking-bird voice must look out for squalls. The monitor desk was invented by Mr. E. A. Eckert, chief operator of the Metropolitan Telephone company. All the girls say he is real horrid, and the clerks are pining for his personal gore.

A reporter has seen the monitor desk which is operated in the New Street exchange. In a long, narrow room, flanked by great shining brass switch-boards, sat fourteen or fifteen pretty girls. Little strips of brass crossed themselves on each dainty head and held a "receiver" to each left ear. In this manner the left ear was devoted to the public and the right ear to the company. A confused chattering and murmuring, accompanied by staccato embellishments on the part of a number of small boys who pulled and pushed in scores of brass plugs, supplied sound enough to confuse even the average hotel clerk. And yet there was an atmosphere of regularity and order that was surprising. At the head of the room sat Manager Thompson in front of the monitor desk, with a "receiver" fastened to his left ear, too. Rising from the desk was a little brass switch-board and a series of annunciator flaps.

"Now," said the manager, "you see I can watch every girl in the room. The instant I suspect any girl is flirting with a subscriber, or carrying on a personal conversation with an operator in another exchange, all I have to do is to place a plug in the switch-board, in the hole corresponding with her wire, and I am instantly connected with the circuit on which she is talking. She has no means of knowing that I am listening, and yet I can hear all that is said on both sides. I can listen to as much of it as I care to, and then I can say 'Come off,' or 'Take a drop,' and both parties hear me. In this manner no girl will dare to fritter away her time, for she does not know whether she is talking directly into my ear or not. There is another advantage in the monitor desk. If a subscriber complains about bad service, or a buzzing in the wire, or a broken transmitter, or about anything else he chooses, the girl simply switches him on to my instrument, and without leaving my seat I can find out what is the matter from him, explain the trouble, and then order the remedy. You can not imagine what a saving of time and trouble and what a wonderful sentinel this monitor desk is. Sit down and listen yourself."

The reporter stuck the transmitter to his ear and sat down.

"Ah there, Central," came a voice.

"What do you want?" responded another voice.

"What's the color of your eyes, Central?"

"None of your business. What do you want?"

"Oh, you giddy little thing, you are just as cruel as ever."

"You men are so rude," murmured the second voice.

"I really believe your eyes are black. I've made a bet with a friend of mine that your first name is Jennie. Is it?"

"Oh, my."

Then there was loud laughter in which the reporter joined. The trained ear of the operator detected the vibrations caused by the reporter's laughter, and a pretty, demure little damsel, not more than ten feet away, looked around at him with blushing cheeks. Chief Operator Eckert [illegible] laughed loudly. He was unconscious of what had happened, but evidently had strong suspicions.

"We can catch them every time," he said. "I first worked the monitor system on the regular telegraph wire, so that I could break in and listen to what was going on between the operators at any time. The mere knowledge that the monitor is in the room will check any future fooling upon the wires."

Remnants

Of dress goods in lengths of 5 to 15 yards in all colors and qualities at HALF PRICE.

Big 18 Merchant St. CHEAP STORE. j24d&w1w

Coal! Wood! Coal!

George Ehrhart has a full supply of hard and soft coal, and wood at his yard, north of Shellabarger's mill. 18d

Lodging 25 cents, at Combs & Inman's. j11d&w1w

THE average length of life is on the increase. The science of medicine has made great progress; many diseases are now controlled that were formerly thought incurable. The greatest discovery is Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which cures consumption in stages that other remedies are of no benefit. Coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, and all throat and lung diseases speedily and safely cured. Price, 50 cents and $1. Trial bottles free.

Goodness!

Excellence, preciousness, rareness transcendence, deliciousness, daintiness, agreeableness, attractiveness, sweetness, exquisite, lovely, tony, durable, comfortable and cheap are those ladies shoes at

L. L. FERRIES & Co.

The best 25c. meal in Decatur at Leffingwell's old stand. j11d&w1w

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS H. WADE, DEC'D,

THE undersigned, having been appointed administrators of the estate of Thomas H. Wade late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby give notice that they will appear before the County Court of Macon county, at the courthouse in Decatur, at the March term, on the third Monday in March next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 22d day of January, 1885.

MATTIE WADE,
FRED. HAMMAN,
Administrators.

jan29-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David C. Kretzer. Deceased.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of David C. Kretzer, deceased, to present the same for adjudication and settlement at a regular term of the County Court of Macon County, to be holden at the Court House, in the City of Decatur, on the second Monday of February, A. D. 1885, being the first day of said term.

H. W. WAGGONER, Administrator.

Decatur, Ill., December 27, A. D. 1884.

d23d4w

OUR BARGAIN COLUMN.

TAX NOTICE.—I have received my books and am now ready to collect taxes. Will be in Decatur every Saturday at Millikin's bank; Prairie Hall every Friday; Dalton every Thursday, and at Mt. Zion the balance of the time. [J. M. HUTCHISON. j15d&w1w

$18.50 For steamship and railway passage from Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry to Decatur, Illinois. These rates cannot last long. [MONTGOMERY & SHULL, Agents Cunard Steamship Line 141 East Main street. j25d1w

FOR RENT.—House of four rooms, bath room, well, cistern in kitchen, coal shed chicken house and other conveniences. Apply at 253 South Park street. j23d1w

FOR SALE.—Two Number 1, and one Number 2 Caligraph type-writing machines. Cheap for cash. Call on or address James Durfee at Circuit Clerk's office. j24d1w*

WANTED—Everybody that is dissatisfied with their boarding-house, to call and try us, at No. 487 East William street. We guarantee satisfaction. Board and Lodging $4.00 per week; day board $3.50. We know what you want, and are prepared to furnish it. Good fare, plenty to eat and good beds, with plenty of clean covers.

T. CHENOR & BROWN, Decatur, Ill.

Jan 18-1w

FOR SALE.—At a bargain, two lots, 100 feet square, in Dalton City, with good house of three rooms, never failing well inside of kitchen. Call on or address J. M. DRAPER, Dalton City, Illinois. 13 1w

WANTED.—To buy a second-hand road cart, cheap. Address No. 545 West Wood St. j13 1w*

WANTED.—At the St. Nicholas Hotel, a good laundry woman. Apply immediately. j9d1w

FOR SALE—A good farm of 80 acres, with abundance of fruit, in Jefferson county. Will exchange for property in Decatur. Address A. T. Willard, Illiopolis, Ill. j21d1w*

LAUNDRIES—Hop Hong's laundries, No. 1, South Main street and Basement room, under Cheap Charley's clothing store on the corner of Merchant and Main, Hart's old stand. Shirts 10 cts; collars, 3 cts; cuffs, 5 cts a pair; underwear, 2 for 15 cts. Work every day. 19m6

FOR SALE—Lots in the Guilt addition to Decatur, only seven blocks from the postoffice on high, dry ground, for sale on easy terms, by M. G. Patterson, opera house block. n11tf

FARM FOR SALE.—The northeast quarter of section 27, within half mile of the city limit of Tuscola, Douglas county. Inquire of Bundy & Woolverton, Tuscola, or G. Howell, Decatur, Ill. o21 1m

WANTED.—By V. H. Parke, custom for any kind of stock food. Hard and soft coal are kindling &c. He guarantees good quality and full weights. Prices as low as good material can be sold for. Deliver to any part of the city. Telephone No. 55. sept26dtf

FOR SALE.—By V. H. Parke: Corn, oats baled hay, baled straw, bran, shorts, New York dairy feed for milk cows, chop feed for horses; hard coal, soft coal, any kind of fire wood fire kindling &c., at fair prices, delivered promptly. Telephone 55. Largest establishment of the kind in the city. Prices always reasonable. Adjoining the tabernacle. sept2'tf

DON'T SUFFER

LONGER WITH

RHEUMATISM OR NEURALGIA

Mr. M. C. Warn, Assistant Cashier Merchants' National Bank, Toledo, O., says:

"My little girl was cured of Rheumatism after having suffered about three months, by the use of ATHLOPHOROS. I recommend it to all suffering with this disease."

No medicine has ever been discovered that so quickly and surely cures these diseases as

ATHLO-PHOROS

W. K. Smith, Kankakee, Ill., says:

"My wife has suffered with acute Rheumatism [illegible] is the first medicine that ever gave her any thing but temporary relief. She has only taken two bottles, and feels it is a God send."

I. T. Smith, 164 Washington Street, Chicago, says:

"Have suffered with Rheumatism for five years. After using 2½ bottles of ATHLOPHOROS, am entirely free from all pain."

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us, as directed.

ATHLOPHOROS CO.

112 WALL ST. NEW YORK

HENRY LYON

DEALER IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries and Provisions,

NO. 154 NORTH MERCHANT ST,

Decatur, Ills.

Highest market price paid for country produce. Orders by telephone and otherwise promptly filled, and goods delivered in any part of the city. n30tf

GREAT BARGAIN

—IN—

REAL ESTATE!

The T. O. Smith Willow Branch Farm,

Containing 840 acres, four miles west of Macon station, one and one-half miles north of Moweaqua. There are 450 acres of tillable land, the balance being creek bottom and timber pasture, well set in blue grass. Willow Branch, a living stream, runs through it. It has a living spring in the pasture. The dwelling is a fine two-story house on a lovely hill 300 yards from a public school house. There is a fine bearing orchard on the farm.

Price $25 Per Acre.

One half cash, and the balance in payments to suit purchasers.

For further particulars apply to

GEO. W. BRIGHT, Agt. [illegible] National Bank, Decatur, Ill.

1885

Harper's Young People.

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY.

The serial and short stories in Harper's Young People have all the dramatic interest that juvenile fiction can possess, while they are wholly free from what is pernicious or vulgarly sensational. The humorous stories and pictures are full of innocent fun, and the papers on natural history, and science, travel, and the facts of life, are by writers whose names give the best assurance of accuracy and value. Illustrated papers on athletic sports, games and pastimes give full information on these subjects. There is nothing cheap about it but its price.

An epitome of everything that is attractive and desirable in juvenile literature—Boston Courier.

A weekly of good things to the boys and girls in every family which it visits—Brooklyn Union.

It is wonderful in its wealth of pictures, information and interest—Christian Advocate, New York.

Terms: Post Prepaid, $2 per year

VOL. VI commencing Nov. 4, 1884

Single numbers, Five Cents each.

Remittances should be made by post-office money order or draft to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Bros.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

HARPERS' PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S WEEKLY	$4.00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4.00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4.00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1.50
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY One Year (52 numbers)	10.00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States and Canada.

The Volumes of the *Weekly* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of *Harper's Weekly*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7.00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S BAZAR	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	$4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	$1 50
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY One Year (52 Numbers)	$10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada

The Volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of *Harper's Bazar*, in neat cloth binding will be sent by mail postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittance should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY, } SS. Macon County Circuit Court

Bertram James vs William M. Scott [illegible] mechanic's lien No. 1266. Public notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree rendered in the above entitled cause at the December term A. D. 1884 I John A. Brown Master in Chancery for said court, on

Saturday, the 7th Day of February, 1885,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m., of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the west door of the court house in Decatur in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: Lot twelve (12) [illegible] fifteen (15) in [illegible] town of [illegible], together with all and singular the [illegible] hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Illinois, January 13th, 1885.

JOHN A. BROWN, Master in Chancery for Macon County, Ill.

ELDRIDGE & HOSTETLER Solicitors for comp't.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Estate of HENRY KOSSICK, deceased:

THE UNDERSIGNED, having been appointed administratrix with will annexed of the estate of Henry Kossick, deceased, late of the county of Macon state of Illinois, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the March term, A. D. 1885, on the 3d Monday in March next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 30th day of December, 1884

DINA KOSSICK, Administratrix with will Annexed d30d4w

FLEURY,

"THE FRENCH CUTTER,"

Merchant Tailoring,

158 Merchant St.

SAVE your GAS and EYESIGHT by using ROYLE'S PATENT PENDU-LIGHT, the cheapest and best sewing and reading light ever placed on the market—also very ornamental as permanent fixture. Brings the light down to the work and out of eyes. Examine one. For sale by

KOEHMEYER & O'NEILL, North Main St.

THE FOLLOWING LETTERS

are selected from a large number that have been received by Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, in regard to his Remedies for the Cure of Consumption.

Those who are afflicted or threatened with any Disease of the Lungs will be well repaid by giving them a careful reading.

They are all plain statements of fact, without one word of misrepresentation. This can be proved by any one who will take the trouble to call on or write to the people who sign them.

FROM SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK.

Dear Sir—About [illegible] while living in Canada, my [illegible] very poor. My disease came on gradually, beginning with a loss of appetite and afterwards great weakness, which brought on night-sweats and a dry, hacking cough. My chest and back were very weak, and so sore that I could not bear my weight against the back of a chair. At different times I raised considerable blood, which my physician said came from the lungs. I employed several doctors, but they all told me the same thing—that my lungs were badly affected, and the last one that I had also said that I could live but a short time, and that I had better go to my mother's home in Winstead, Conn., so that I could, that [illegible] for some time. [illegible] was very low [illegible] for her doctor. [illegible] help. He however [illegible] which he said would relieve my worst symptoms. After this my [illegible] employed another doctor, who said that one of my lungs was nearly gone. [illegible] anything for several months, and never expected to get well. One day a friend, who lives in Collinsville, Ct., gave my father one of your pamphlets on Consumption. He brought it home and told me to look it over and see if any of the cases described in it were like mine. I read the book through, and found so many cases described there that seemed as bad as mine, that were cured, that I made up my mind to that I too might recover by using the medicines. My father found that they were not kept in Winstead, sent to New York and got a supply. In one week after I began them, my night-sweats ceased, and my appetite began to improve. In two weeks after that I was much better in every way. I commenced to use the medicines in March; in July I felt quite strong; in two months more I was well, and I have had good health ever since. I believe that I would not be alive to-day but for the use of your medicines, as all the doctors I had said my disease was Consumption, and that I was incurable. Yours truly,

MRS. CHAS. W. PLUMMER,

274 Main St., Springfield, Mass.

April 29, 1881.

From the REV. STEPHEN ROESE.

MAIDEN ROCK, PIERCE CO., WIS., *June 15, 1879.*

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, Philadelphia.

Worthy Gentleman—It is with a feeling of gratitude I seat myself to write you this letter. A little over a year ago I received from you a small box of your [illegible] Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, for my wife, who had been very sick [illegible] with female weakness and [illegible] had two severe attacks of [illegible] gave it as his opinion [illegible] that she could not [illegible]. She began to take your medicines according to directions, and [illegible] in all her symptoms [illegible] cough, and [illegible] flesh rapidly. At this date she is perfectly well.

I wish to add that your PULMONIC SYRUP is the only medicine I have ever [illegible] in my [illegible] cough, [illegible] your PULMONIC SYRUP gives [illegible].

Since my wife's [illegible] recommended it to many of my [illegible] with great benefit in coughs and colds [illegible].

REV. STEPHEN ROESE,

Missionary [illegible]

The Rev. Mr. Roese again writes, under date of [illegible] 1882:

My wife [illegible] that your medicines [illegible] cough [illegible] wherever I go in my travels.

HEREDITARY CONSUMPTION CURED.

DR. SCHENCK.

Dear Sir:—In the autumn of 1877 I had a severe cough, with terrible pain in my sides and between my shoulders. I had very little appetite, and what little I could eat only distressed me. I consulted physicians, who said my condition was a very bad one, and gave me five different cough syrups and tonics, from which I received no benefit, but seemed to grow worse, and kept losing flesh and strength. I had night-sweats, and sweat most of the time during the day. I coughed and raised blood and a stiff, foamy phlegm; my throat was filled with ulcers, I could hardly swallow; sometimes I could not speak a loud word for weeks; my lungs grew more painful every day, with difficult breathing, white pleurisy pains would almost stop my breath. I had colic pains, sour stomach, and vomiting up everything I ate. My whole body was filled with pain. I could not lie down, but had to recline in a sitting posture to breathe. I gave up, and did not think of ever getting up again, as it was hard moving myself; my feet and ankles began to swell badly, and my hips had given out long before. In this sinking condition I thought I would try your remedy for Consumption; it might do me some good; it could do me no harm, for I was certain I could not live a month longer the way I was. At that time, May, 1878, I procured your Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, and took them as directed. In a week I was better, and began to throw off from the lungs a greenish-yellow matter streaked with blood. I could eat a little without throwing it up, the pains in my sides were not so severe; I could sleep an hour very soundly, and that was what I had not done for three months.

I took your medicines steadily six months; my cough got better, I did not sweat so bad nights, kept gaining slowly, and in a year after I began your medicines I could say I felt well. I began to gain flesh, and last September weighed one hundred and thirty-five pounds—fifteen pounds more than I ever weighed before in my life.

Your medicines, I know, saved my life; and I would say, from my own experience, to all Consumptives, take Dr. Schenck's medicines, for they will certainly cure you. I had Consumption; it is hereditary in our family, my father and two brothers having died of it. I have had better health the past winter than for ten years previous.

Yours respectfully,

MRS. SARAH A. CARTER.

CARLISLE, MASS., *April 5, 1880.*

DR. SCHENCK'S MEDICINES:

MANDRAKE PILLS, SEAWEED TONIC, & PULMONIC SYRUP,

Are sold by all Druggists, and full directions for their use are printed on the wrappers of every package. His Book on Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, is sent free to all, post-paid. Address, Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philadelphia, Pa.

Easy to use. A cert[illegible] months' treatment [illegible] in the Head, Headache [illegible] Fifty cents. By all [illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

OUR

GREAT CLEARING

SALE

Will Begin at Once.

UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS!

In Silk, Cloth and Plush

CLOAKS!

SPECIAL REDUCTION

—IN—

Fancy Dress Goods,

Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Notions, Underwear, Flannels, Blankets, Yarns, Hoods, Nubias, and every description of winter goods.

Remnants

—OF—

BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN

CARPETS

Varying in length from one yard o[illegible] suitable for small rooms at very low prices.

We shall add to our stock New, Fresh Goods every day, adapted to the wants of the present and coming season

---

Our trade has NEVER been better than for the last 12 months, notwithstanding the general depression in business throughout the entire country, and this extraordinary result can be traced to the fact that our stock is LARGE, varied, well assorted and complete in all appointments, that we sell goods cheap, and that the people know it.

LINN & SCRUGGS!

Agents Butterick's Patterns, Fine Old Dominion Buck Gloves, and the Hercules laundried and unlaundried Shirts.

THE REVIEW

SUNDAY, JAN 25, 1885.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Bob Burdette Monday night.

Burdette to-morrow night. d1t

Dry stove wood at Geo Ehrhart's. j8 t

This will be a good day for sleigh riding.

Boys' all-wool flannel waists at B. Stine's. d6 tf

Canned milk and canned oysters at Wood Bros'. d6dw

Nice mixed candies 15c per pound at Wood Bros'. d6 1w

There has been thirty-two days in the present term of court.

Bobby Burns banquet at the New Deming to-morrow evening.

"A Mountain Pink" at the opera house on Wednesday evening.

Home made broken candy 20c per pound at Wood Bros'. d6 1w

All wool red flannel drawers, at B Stine's, 75 cents a pair. d6-tf

"A Mountain Pink" will be the next attraction at the opera house.

A handsome line of candy boxes for the holidays at Wood Bros. d6 1w

Board and lodging at Combs & Inman's, 136 South street. d&w1w

Fresh pies and cakes every day at Leffingwell's old stand. j11d&w1w

The opera house was filled with an "Uncle Tom's Cabin" troupe last evening.

Revival meetings will commence at the First M. E. Church to morrow evening.

Home made bread a specialty at Combs & Inman's, 136 South Main street. j11 d&w1w

Gents' smoking jackets, the latest novelty for Christmas presents, at B. Stine's. d6-tf

New designs in gents' smoking jackets, just the thing for Christmas presents, at B. Stine's. d6-tf

The largest and best assortment of Christmas goods in the city at A. J. Bier's. d6 1w

All kinds of coal and wood at F. D. Caldwell's. Telephone Nos. 47 and 36. Jan23 tf

Orders for Pana coal, both lump and nut, promptly delivered by F. D. Caldwell. j23 tf

George W. Ehrhart's coal yard and office is north of Shellabarger's mill, on Water street. j16 tf

There is but little sickness in this city at present, and consequently the doctors are not very busy.

Pana coal stands the lead, there is no better in this market. Sold only by F. D. Caldwell. j23 tf

[illegible] of Pana coal, there is no better in the market. Sold only by F. D. Caldwell. j23 tf

[illegible] at the [illegible] Coffee [illegible] the [illegible] quarter. j18 &w

[illegible] at the New Deming, [illegible] gone to [illegible] to [illegible] correspondent.

Dr. J. Brown will pay cash for a [illegible] horse. Must not weigh [illegible] 1200 lbs. j5 d2 w1t.

If you [illegible] this week, you [illegible] with Combs & Inman, 136 South Main street. j1 d&w1w

REMEMBER J. W. BAKER'S NEW SHOE STORE ON MERCHANT STREET BETWEEN LYON'S GROCERY AND COLE'S DRUG STORE. j8 d&wtf

Canned fruits, [illegible] and fresh [illegible] at F. Ruebsamen & Co's in their new store next to Millikin's bank. N4—&t

Leave orders at the St. Nicholas for [illegible] buss and baggage wagon. All calls promptly attended to. Telephone No. 46. j1 1y

Go to the opera house on Monday evening, Jan. 26, and hear Bob Burdette. Admission, 50 and 35 cents.

Smoke Harper's Bazar cigars, at P[illegible] & Co.'s, 235 Opera Block. j5 d&w1w

Fresh rolls, pies and cakes at Combs & Inman's 136 South Main street. j5 1w

Hear Bob. Burdette to-morrow night, and help the lecture association. d1t

Day board at $3 50 per week at Combs & Inman, 136 South Main street. j25d1w

Reserved seats for Bob Burdette to-morrow night only 50 cents at Curtis'. Get one.

Fifty cents gets you a reserved seat Curtis' for Bob Burdette's funny lecture to-morrow night.

Get the best bread made in Decatur at Leffingwell's old stand, 136 South Main street. j25d1w

Geo Ehrhart can furnish you the best soft coal in town for $2.25 per ton delivered. Telephone 139. j4 f

Maple sugar, Java coffee, nice uncanvassed hams, fresh eggs and butter at Peck & Co.'s. Opera Block j17 d1w

Use Stafford's inks and Leon Isaac's Glennam pens. They can be found at the City Book Store. j23 1t

Ben Dodson has been performing the great bill poster act during the past few days. He is a "star" in the business

Have you selected a reserved seat for the lecture course? If not, go to Curtis' to-morrow morning and get them

Orders for Decatur coal taken at the [illegible] or at Armstrong's drug store. Orders promptly filled. Terms cash. d&f

Last night was the most pleasant and comfortable one of this winter for sleighing parties, and a number of young folks were out enjoying the sport

The Sons of Veterans will hold a meeting to-morrow evening for the purpose of installing the newly-elected officers

Jurymen and witnesses can secure good board at reasonable prices, at Leffingwell's old stand, 136 S. Main street. d&w1w

Ex-Gov St. John has promised to visit Bloomington on Tuesday evening and address the temperance people at Durley Hall.

The principals in a recent scandal case in Peoria county have each sued the Journal for $10,000. The Journal is to be congratulated.

Sheriff Foster will go to Elmo to morrow, to bring Jim Williams to this city, who is wanted under indictment here for burglary.

Cronkrite throws up the sponge, but Burdette will hold the fort Monday night at the opera house. Gallery tickets 35 cents j24 1t

St John has come and gone, but Combs & Inman are still serving the best 25 cent meal in the city at Leffingwell's old stand.d&w1w

Mr. and Mrs W. W. Shockey celebrated their twenty third marriage anniversary at their home on West Wood street, Friday evening.

Rev C. S Blackwell, of St. Louis, will arrive here to-morrow to assist Rev. Pinkerton in several revival meetings at the Christian church,

Crosthwait Bros pride themselves on spreading as fine a meal as any restaurant in the city, at their place on North Water street. Give them a call.

There will be a meeting of the council to-morrow evening at the city clerk's office, as a committee of the whole, to consider the paving question.

Fun, lots o' fun, for old and young who hear Bob Burdette's "Advice to a Young Man" to-morrow night at the opera house. Gallery tickets 35 cents j35 1t.

Go to John H Black & Son, Power's Block, for cheap boots and shoes They will be pleased to see all old customers, and offer them special low prices. j24d2t

Bob Burdette will give his "Advice to a Young Man" at the opera house next Monday evening. January 26th. Hear Bob and have a good laugh. j21d5

Mr Berry Ford, a competent and popular barber and hair dresser, has opened a shop in Blue Mound, where he will be pleased to attend to the wants of customers. d1w

The Wabash receives for transportation of the United States mail between Danville and Cairo the sum of $18,219 83 per annum This is an average of $62.42 per mile.

REMEMBER J. W. BAKER'S NEW SHOE STORE ON MERCHANT STREET, BETWEEN LYON'S GROCERY AND COLE'S DRUG STORE. j8d&wtf

Prof. Black, the evangelist, has quit his revival at Peoria and gone to Quincy. During his short stay in the former city, he made forty three converts to the Christian faith.

The paving question is still undecided, but everybody concedes the fact that Combs & Inman makes the best bread, pies and cakes in the city at 136 South Main street. j25d1w

Evangelist Potter has finished a successful meeting at Peoria and has commenced revivals at Havana. He will be here in a few days and will hold meetings at the First M. E. church.

Court meets again to morrow morning when argument in the case against James Clark and Frank Sullivan, for petit larceny will begin. The term will most likely continue for ten days.

The Tabernacle Social Club will give a dance at the tabernacle on Thursday evening. Good music will be furnished and a pleasant time is anticipated. Admission only seventy-five cents,

The skating rink still retains its popularity. An immense crowd of young folks put in several hours last evening there, and Goodman's band enlivened the occasion for them with splendid music.

Persons having purchased tax lands at the sale of 1883 will bear in mind that they must advertise them ninety days before the expiration of two years after the day of sale. The time for advertising is now on us.

Yesterday's Springfield Monitor: "Dr. E. W. Moore, of Decatur, expected there would be a picnic at the state house last night, similar to the one a week ago, and he came over to witness it; but was disappointed."

P. J Drake has opened a fine stock of staple and fancy groceries and provisions at No. 156 South Main street—in the room formerly occupied by P. Ruebsamen & Co.—and solicits a share of public patronage. j8 f

If you want to spend a pleasant evening hear Burdette, the Burlington Hawkeye man, Monday night, Jan. 27th, who delivers the fourth lecture of the course. "Bob" convulses with laughter all who hear him.

The people of this city will have a rare opportunity to-morrow evening of enjoying a fine treat in the lecture of Bob Burdette. He is one of cleanest humorists of the day, and his popularity with the public is unbounded.

REMEMBER J. W. BAKER'S NEW SHOE STORE ON MERCHANT STREET. BETWEEN LYON'S GROCERY AND COLE'S DRUG STORE. j8d&wtf

Claims were allowed yesterday in the county court against the estate of Joseph Troutman, as follows: Moore & Barnes, $73.50; Freeman Bros, $57.16; D S Shellabarger & Co. $3 48. Ones amounting to $35, in favor of The Singer Manufacturing company. was allowed against the estate of H. J. Eyman.

The young lady of the period doesn't adhere very closely to the old advice of "Learn to Labor and to Wait." From a case of necessity a good many of them learn "to wait," oftimes too long to suit themselves, but there are only a few who learn to labor.

It is a tiresome and disgusting sight to see an able-bodied loafer sitting with his feet upon a spittoon, squirting tobacco-juice upon a hot stove, while he pauses for breath during the recital of a long-winded story that neither the teller nor the auditors believe.

Several school lots on North Union street have recently been sold to the following parties: John Auer, two lots, $520; John Werner, one lot, $260; George Auer, two lots, $520, Frank Lafrgee, one lot, $260; Will Werner, two lots, $570; total amount of sale, $2,110.

Mr. Thomas Antrim, the ice man, deposited a handsome cake of crystal ice at the foot of the REVIEW office yesterday, as a sample of the quality of ice he is storing for summer use It is about eight inches thick, clear and as fine as is being harvested in any part of the state.

Give your boy a practical business education, and you leave him a fortune. Call and read letters from former students endorsing the Central Business College, who are now holding responsible positions. Book keeping can be taken by the month or quarter. j18d&w1w

WANTED—A purchaser for $2,600 worth of Long Creek township bonds, issued June 1 1884, payable in 1, 2 3, and 4 years, with interest at 6 per cent per annum, payable annually. Will be sold so that purchaser may realize 8 per cent. on his investment. Inquire at this office.

The officers at the National bank for the present year. are: A T. Hill, president; D. S. Shellabarger, vice-president; B O. McReynolds, cashier; Geo W Bright, assistant cashier; directors, A T. Hill, D S Shellabarger, J. W. Haworth, D. W Brenneman, George D. Haworth, N. A. White, J. M. Clokey, K. Harwood and K. H. Roby.

Gallantry in a young man is a strange thing, and at the skating rink is a good place to see it. When a girl from the age of six to fourteen falls down she is generally allowed to help herself up as best she can, but when one from the age of fourteen to twenty falls, every young man on the floor wants to pick her up. 'Tis funny, but 'tis true.

Harve McClure had a narrow escape from a horrible death last evening at the North Water street railroad crossing. Just as he stepped on the track, a switch engine backing up struck him. and instinctively throwing up his hand the young man grabbed the hand rail and clambered up to the step. The engineer reversed the engine and stopped as quickly as possible, expecting to find Harve a mangled corpse, but he was very agreeably surprised at finding his life had been saved by his presence of mind.

It should not be forgotten in these days of tenderloin, spare ribs and sausage that thorough cooking is an infallible preventive of the dreaded disease known as trichinosis. All the medical authorities agree that the parasites are effectually destroyed by this process. There is not, perhaps, one hog in a thousand affected with trichinae but as no one is able to tell just when the thousandth hog will turn up, it would be well for every household to be on its guard. It is, besides, an inexcusable barbarism to eat raw pork —doubly so in view of the present low prices of fuel.

A Card.

MESSRS EDITORS: Having learned that one of our Decatur firms or manufacturers has recently given an order to the prison labor contractor at Chester for a quantity of light castings, ignoring our home foundries, where good work and good material was assured, we, the Iron Moulders' Union. of Decatur, on behalf of the Iron Moulders' Association of North America, renew our protest against the iniquitous and oppressive convict labor system in operation in Illinois and urge its abrogation. As individuals and as members of our Union, we cannot be expected to support, encourage or deal with men who aid in bringing cheap prison labor into competition with that of skilled mechanics who have families to support, taxes to pay and their share of the government to bear.

IRON MOULDERS' UNION.

The Burns Anniversary.

The following is the programme for the celebration of the one hundred and twenty-sixth anniversary of the birth of the immortal Burns, which will be held at the New Deming hotel to-morrow evening:

Song "Ranting Robin" ... David McKenzie
Song—"Edinburg Town" ... James White
Song—"Sailing on the Clyde" ... John Nesbit
Song—"Be Kind to the Auld Folks" ... J Dougherty
Song—"Bonnie Doon" ... Mrs. George Smith
Song—"Ivy Green" ... George Smith
Song—"Bonnie Charlie" ... Mrs George Smith.
Song "Mary of Argyle" ... ———
Dance Scotch Reel ... ———
Dance—Highland Fling in costume ... Susie Leonard.
Song—"Auld Lang Syne" ... By the Clan

Cigar Makers to the Front.

Mr W. Worhley and W. Clarke will give a sparring exhibition at the tabernacle for $1 000 a side. Mr. Worhley's trainer is Mr. V. Sherry from Virginia. Mr. Clarke's trainer is Mr T. Ronan, of Decatur. Mr. J. Reese will act as referee. Mr. E Ford and Mr L. Dipper, ticket agent and managers 25d1t

Attention Coal Consumers.

If you want coal that will not fill your stove with clinkers, try George Ehrhart, telephone 139. j23tf

GO TO CHURCH.

FIRST M. E. CHURCH—Rev, T. I. Coultas, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Young converts' meeting at 6-15 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p m. Revival services at the church every evening during the week. Evangelist Potter is expected the latter part of the week.

CHURCH OF GOD—M. S. Newcomer, pastor. Morning subject, "Christ's First Temptation." Evening "Salvation by Faith." Gospel temperance meeting will be held at half past three o'clock in the afternoon,

UNIVERSALIST—Rev Sophie Gibb, pastor Services at the usual hours. Sunday school at 12 o'clock.

U. B CHURCH—Rev. R. H. Beck, pastor. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m, Preaching at 10:30 and 7 p. m.. Sunday school 2 p m. Prayer meeting next Tuesday evening. Your presence is solicited.

STAPP'S CHAPEL—Rev Geo. Stevens, pastor Preaching at 10 30 a. m. and 7 p. m. by the presiding elder, Rev. H. W. Wilder, Sunday school at 2 p m.; D S. Shellabarger, superintendent. Class meeting at 9 30 a. m. All invited.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. Dr. Geo Vosburgh pastor. Preaching at 10 30 a. m. by the pastor and 7:15 p m. by Rev. Dr. Perren. A number will be baptized. Meetings will be held every night this week, Dr. Perrin preaching, on Monday and Friday afternoons at 4 o'clock for the young people. Sunday school at 9 15 a. m. All seats are free. The public is invited.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev. W. H. Prestley, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. by the pastor. Subject of the morning discourse, "The Christ." Preparatory services at 6 30 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p m. A cordial invitation is extended to any or to all these services.

GERMAN M. E CHURCH,—Wm. Schoenig pastor, preaching at 10 30. Evening service at 7. Sunday school at 9 a. m. There will also be meetings every night this week (Saturday excepted) to which all our German friends are cordially invited.

CHRISTIAN.—Rev. T. W. Pinkerton, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m and 7 00 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m Morning subject, "The Atonement," evening, "The Design of Baptism" All invited.

ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH—Rev A. W. Walter, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Catechetical lectures every Saturday afternoon at 3 o clock. Every one is invited to be present at any or all these services. Sunday school at 2 p m. Place of worship in hall, corner North Main and Eldorado streets. All are invited.

ST JOHN'S CHURCH.—Rev, W. H. Moore rector. Service and sermon, 10:45 a. m.; evening service, 7:00 p. m ; Sunday school 9.30 a. m, Holy Communion 7 a. m.

Y. M. C. A.—Gospel meeting at the rooms at 3:30 p. m. All are welcome. Strangers in the city especially invited

JANES CHAPEL—Services to-day at the usual hours, morning and evening. Sabbath school at 9 a m.

HOUSE OF PRAYER.—Holy communion at 8 a. m.; service and sermon 10 30 a, m. Sunday school at 2 30 p. m. Evening prayer at 7 30 p. m.

Attention Citizens.

There will be a meeting of those interested in securing the location of the state fair at Decatur for the next two years, at the office of Montgomery & Shull, on Tuesday evening, Jan 27, at 7 p. m. A general attendance is desired.

Do the citizens of Decatur and Macon county want the Illinois state fair located here? If so, they must at least make an effort to secure it, and when they set about to do a thing they generally succeed. Decatur is, unquestionably, the best location in the state for holding the fair. Its central location, and railroad facilities put it within a few hours ride of any citizen residing in the great corn belt of the state. Easy access has much to do with people attending such gatherings. It has had financial success whenever the state fair was held in Decatur.

A meeting of the citizens interested in the location of the state fair here, is called to meet at Montgomery & Shull's office, on East Main street, at 7 o'clock p m., Tuesday evening next. to take whatever action they deem best, whether they will make an effort to secure the fair or not It is for them to determine, whether this great institution, with all its benefits to Decatur and Macon county will be located here or go to some neighboring city. The holding of the state fair at this place heretofore has been a matter of profit to our business men, inasmuch as it would draw to the city thousands of people, each one of whom would during his or her visit spend something in the way of trade with our merchants. And now the business men and citizens generally are called upon to choose between the alternative of risking something to secure a source of profit or the certainty of seeing the fair located at some other city If our people stand idly by and see the state fair transferred to some other locality they will have cause to regret it. Let there be a full turnout at the meeting and a disposition manifested to work together for the common good. CITIZEN.

Railroad Accident.

Brief reference was made yesterday morning of the lateness of Wabash No. 2 from St, Louis, due here at 12:20, and the probability of it having met with an accident. No particulars further than the wreck train had been sent down the road could be obtained Friday night, but yesterday it transpired that the accident was of a quite serious nature At Mitchell a broken rail caused the engine, tender and express car to leave the track. and turn over in the ditch, while the train was running at the rate of fifteen miles an hour. Archie McNeally, the engineer had his leg broken near the ankle, but the fireman escaped uninjured. Express Messenger Stewart sprained a wrist, and Frank Allen, the baggage man, whose home is Chicago, suffered a fracture of the right arm. Beyond this, no one was injured except a general shaking up of the passengers. The wreck blocked the track, and delayed the arrival of St. Louis trains for several hours. Engineer McNeally was brought to this city as soon as possible and removed to his home.

For Rent.

The south half and rear of store room, No. 138 Merchant street now occupied by R. Gasin as a music store, will be for rent February 1st For further information call on J. L Peake & Son at the above place. 124 d1w

PERSONAL.

Lute Shellabarger has recovered from a severe attack of typhoid fever.

Mr and Mrs John Karr, of Bloomington, are in the city on a visit to friends.

Will Shellabarger will go to New Orleans in a few days, F. F. Randolph is on duty as book keeper at Shellabarger & Co's mill.

Mr. Dr. Cole is still ill at her father's home, at Joliet. She was able to be up from her bed on Friday, but it may be several days before she will be entirely well.

Something New and Useful.

Mr F. W. Nevius, of this city, has for sale an improved coffee pot, that in our opinion needs only to be seen to insure appreciation of its merits, and settle the question of its decided superiority over anything of the kind yet invented. Without going into detail as to the construction and chemistry of this article, we are convinced that it is all the patentee claims it to be, and that the amount of coffee saved by its use will pay for it in a very short time, while the beverage produced through its agency will be of superior flavor.

It has already been used by a number of families in this city and vicinity, and in every case has given the highest satisfaction, as hundreds of testimonials in Mr. Nevius' possession abundantly show. He will take pleasure in answering inquiries concerning it, and showing the proofs of its excellence.

Agents wanted to canvass for this very saleable household article, in Macon and DeWitt counties. Address F W Nevius, 251 Durfee street, Decatur, Ill.

The Central Business College.

This flourishing institution has already outgrown the building in which it was founded, and has had to seek more commodious rooms. The seating capacity of those in the Curtis building was not equal to the demands of the school, and the number of pupils, and the live, enterprising and popular principal, Prof. H S. De Sollars, secured more capacious rooms in the Masonic Temple block, which he had fitted up in complete style, and into which the college was removed yesterday.

While the Professor is to be congratulated upon the growth and prosperity of his college, the people of Decatur may also be congratulated upon having a school where their sons and daughters can obtain a thorough, practical education. Prof De Sollars is an able instructor, brim full of energy and enterprise, and under his guidance the Central Business College must soon rank among the foremost institutions of its class in the country—if it does not already do so.

Fortunate Family.

T. T. Van Allen, manager of the skating rink in this city, received a piece of encouraging news yesterday from his brother-in-law, Mr. C. E. Stagg, of Elmira, New York. He is one of the heirs of Thomas Stagg, his grandfather. who was a member of a wealthy shipping firm, and lost heavily by France and England seizing ships belonging to him during the Napoleonic wars. In a work on the "Old Merchants of New York," this firm is mentioned as one who came to the aid of the government in 1812 with a subscription of $25,000. Congress has passed a French spoliation claim bill, to reimburse those who suffered a loss during the war mentioned, and now it only waits the signature of the president. The same bill has been in congress for years, and has been favorably reported on over forty times. Should the bill become a law, the heirs of Thomas Stagg will have between five and ten million dollars to divide. Their claims are well established.

OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY

Wednesday, Jan. 28,

Laura Dainty,

In the successful American Play,

A MOUNTAIN PINK,

Supported by a Star Cast.

Reserved seats on sale at Curtis & Co's. Popular Prices, 35, 50 and 75 cents.

OPERA HOUSE.

[ONE NIGHT ONLY]

Thursday, January 29

The Old Favorite

Wilbur Opera Co.

Five years before the public, will present Charles Lecocq's Bright and Powerful Opera in Three Acts,

GIROFLE GIROFLA!

The Full Strength of the Company will positively appear.

Finest Wardrobe in America.

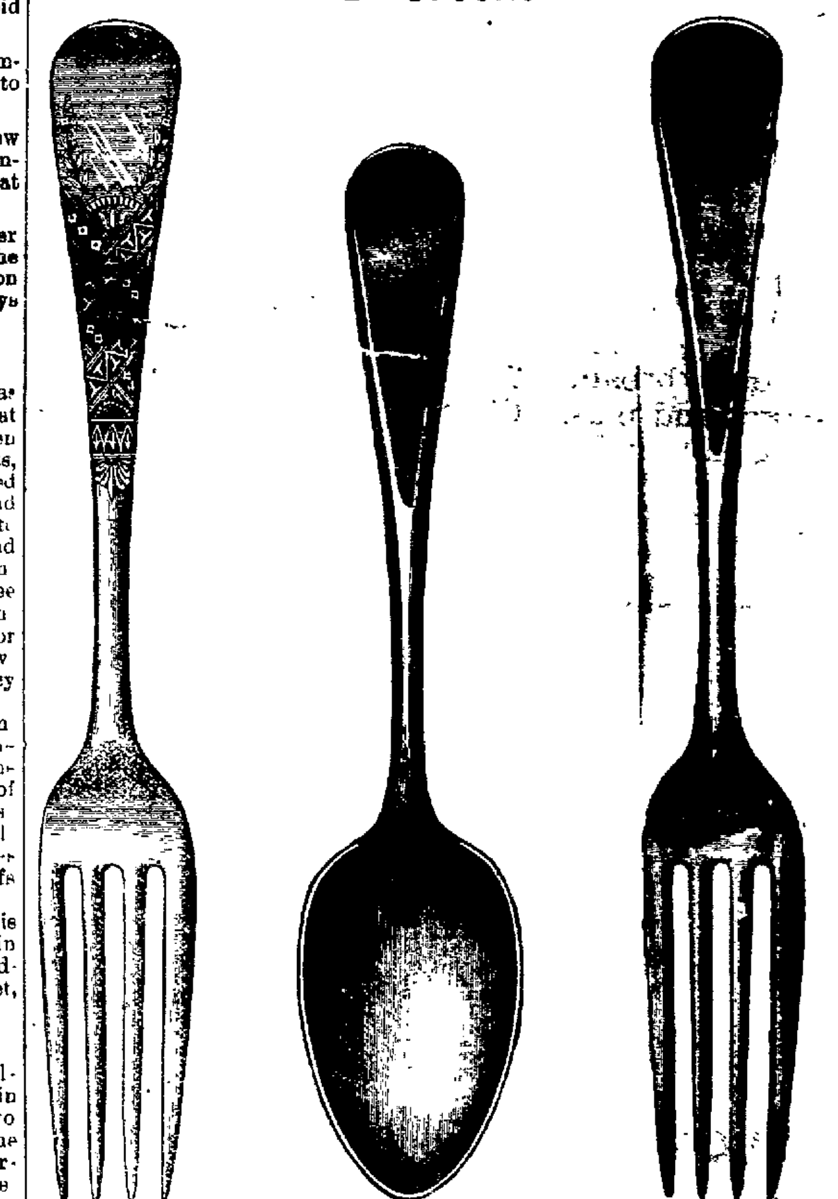
THE WINE SONG in this Opera is universally popular,

The first Opera Company to reduce their price

Reserved Seats in Parquette ....75 cents
Dress Circle............50 cents
Gallery............35 cents

Tickets on sale Tuesday morning at Curtis & Co.'s.,

SILVER METAL SPOONS AND FORKS.



ENTIRELY NEW.

Durable as Solid Silver.

Much Cheaper than Plated.

If you want something GOOD and reasonable in price examine these goods before you buy anything in this line.

MOREHOUSE, WELLS & CO

134 East Main St,

BUY

GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES

SOLD ONLY BY

Ferguson & Dillehunt.

CARPETS CURTAINS

—AND—

WALL PAPERS.

in Quality, Style and Coloring, surpassing anything ever brought to Decatur. Our prices as usual, will be the lowest

ABEL & LOCKE.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LeRugen's Old Stand,

136, South Main Street,

Decatur, Illinois,

Is the place to go for Good Meals, Fine Cigars, Cheap Confections, genuine home-made bread, fresh cakes and pies. Give us a call and be convinced.

COMBS & INMAN,
Proprietors.

CLOSING OUT

Of Furniture and Stoves. The goods must be sold soon. Rattan chairs, parlor chairs, cane chairs, book cases, centre tables, washstands, bed room suits, upholstered goods, lounges, single and double husk mattresses, hair mattresses, wool mattresses, pillows, hall-trees, mirrors, dressing cases, bureaus, bedsteads, and everything in the furniture line. Also Cook and Heating Stoves at Cost.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

BACHMAN BROS.

SOUTH PARK, SIGN BIG ELEPHANT.

Danzeisen & Son

NEW MEAT MARKET

HAVE OPENED THEIR

NEW MEAT MARKET

—AT—

No. 6. Merchant St

Which has been fitted up with new fixtures and everything put in the most complete order. We will keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Ham, Bacon, Sausage, Lard etc., etc., etc.,

WE SELL ONLY THE BEST QUALITY OF MEATS.

Danzeisen & Son.

THE REVIEW

JACK & HIZE, Proprietors,
East Main street, Decatur, Illinois

DAILY.

Delivered by carrier or by mail, per week. $ .10
Three months in ADVANCE..... 1.25
One year in advance, ... 5.00

WEEKLY.

By mail (in advance) one year..... $1.00
If not paid in advance, per year..... 1.50
Specimen numbers sent free on application.

FEARS FOR STEWART.

Lack of News from the Seat of War in Egypt Causes Anxiety in London.

General Stewart's Command Said to Be Hemmed in by the Mehdi's Warriors.

Further Reports of the Disaster Caused by the Alpine Avalanches—Other News.

STEWART IN PERIL.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The War Office has received no news concerning General Stewart's advance since the account of the battle on Saturday. The absence of news causes considerable anxiety. The heads of the War Department met yesterday, with Earl Morley, Under Secretary of State for War, presiding, to consider the situation.

The *Times*, *Telegraph* and *Standard* have not yet received their reports of the battle at Abu-Klea, although they had special correspondents in the field. This fact increases the anxiety concerning the fate of Stewart. The belief has become prevalent that the battle at the wells was more severe than the Government is willing to admit. There is an impression that the official reports were colored at the War Office and the special dispatches were intercepted by the press censors because they contained information which throws an objectionable light on the affair.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Private advices received late yesterday afternoon from Korti assert that the rebels have surrounded General Stewart in the desert, where he has taken up an intrenched position, to await reinforcements from General Wolseley. Deserters from the rebel lines state that the Mahdi's officers consider the affair at Abu Klea Wells a drawn battle. The Arabs were neither routed nor pursued, and fell back in an orderly manner, not in the least demoralized by the outcome of the engagement. They recovered themselves so quickly and effectively that General Stewart dared not move, and was compelled to intrench himself on the scene of the conflict.

The foregoing advices are discredited by the Government officials.

It is also reported from private sources that the rebels are strongly intrenched at Metemneh, which place it will be necessary for the British forces to occupy before they can proceed to Khartoum. A rumor is to the effect that the rebels collected at Abu-Hamed are prepared to resist General Earle. A dispatch to a Parisian paper says that at Alexandria the report prevails that the rebels have surrounded General Stewart, whose line of retreat is threatened.

The latest Arab papers state that El Mehdi is short of provisions, and that he has been forced to send a portion of his army back to Kordofan. They report that he has 10,000 troops at Omdurman.

ROME, Jan. 24.—Further details of the devastation caused by avalanches in the Piedmontese Alps are coming in slowly, the telegraph lines being prostrated and the post roads blocked by snow in many places. A report from Bronasco states that nine persons were killed and many others injured in that village. At Chiabrando every house was buried, and in some cases the masses of ice and snow covering the houses were twenty feet deep. Scores of dead bodies have been taken out. In many cases they bore no marks of injury, showing that they must have been suffocated. Many of the persons rescued have been imprisoned in narrow and partly wrecked cabins for several days, together with the corpses of their relatives. Relief trains have been sent from Turin with food and clothing.

CORK, Jan. 24.—Parnell delivered a lecture last evening before a crowded audience on "Irish Parliaments." He said he fully believed that the restoration to Ireland of her own Parliamentary power was imminent. England was already beaten in heart, and the glorious result would speedily be accomplished if Irishmen remained true to the cause and themselves. Parnell contended that between 1782 and the union, Ireland's property had advanced by leaps and bounds.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The *Times*, commenting on Parnell's lecture at Cork, says it is impossible to accede to his demands; that his asking for an Irish Parliament is asking for independence, pure and simple, which is more than England can ever grant or Ireland attain.

THE OLD LIBERTY BELL.

It Is Taken from Independence Hall and Shipped to New Orleans.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.—The Liberty bell was taken from Independence Hall yesterday at eight o'clock a. m., and with a procession of three hundred policeman started for the West Philadelphia depot. The truck on which the old bell was hauled through the streets was appropriately decorated with garlands of flowers and flags, and drawn by six horses. Two bands of music were in the procession. Many houses along the route were decorated. At the depot the bell was transferred to a special car constructed by the Pennsylvania Railroad to bear it and its guard, three officers, to the Exposition. The bell on the platform in the car is protected by a brass railing with posts decorated with gilded bells. The large frame upon which the bell is secured is the only work upon the platform of the car.

The venerable relic was securely bolted to the frame in full view. At the top of the frame is the inscription: "1876. Proclaim Liberty." On each side of the car are two clasped hands with the names of the two cities of Philadelphia and New Orleans on either side. The car was then attached to the special train for New Orleans, carrying a committee of the City Council. The start was made at ten o'clock. It is expected that New Orleans will be reached at eleven a. m., Monday.

Death of the Widow of Hon. O. H. Browning.

QUINCY, Ill., Jan. 24.—Mrs. Browning, widow of the late ex-United States Senator and ex-Secretary of the Interior O. H. Browning, died at her home in this city at seven o'clock yesterday morning.

A Railroad to Be Sold.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 24.—An order from the United States Court was promulgated Friday directing the sale of the Toledo & Indianapolis Railroad February 25 next. A no less bid than $150,000 will be accepted.

Colonel Vilas for the Cabinet.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 24.—At a caucus of the Democratic members of the Legislature resolutions were passed requesting the President-elect to appoint Colonel William F Vilas to a position in his Cabinet.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The Senate of Nevada has passed a bill to forbid the sale of tobacco to minors.

At the Hough well, in Washington, Pa., a heavy flow of gas was found at a depth of 1,900 feet.

The American Protective Tariff Association filed a certificate of incorporation Friday at New York.

The license of the Hibernia Insurance Company (fire), of New Orleans, to do business in Illinois has been revoked.

Postmaster S. C. Dallas, of Salineville, O., was arrested Friday, a shortage having been discovered in his accounts.

Mrs. M. J. Pottinger was appointed a Notary Public at Louisville, being the first lady ever number ever appointed in Kentucky.

James Comode, an aged miser of Delphos, O., was found frozen to death in his hut, and search for his treasure is being made.

E. E. Brown, a colored lawyer of Boston, caused the manager of a skating-rink to be fined $50 for discriminating against him.

James W. Brooks, a New York lawyer, whose father was one of the proprietors of the *Express*, has made an assignment, having lost a fortune of $150,000.

To prevent the spread of pleuro-pneumonia the State Veterinarian of Delaware proposes to inoculate healthy cattle with virus from the lungs of infected stock.

A sleet-storm in the Shreveport (La.) section Thursday night covered the country with ice. Streams are unusually high, and all the bridges have been carried away.

The Clearing-House Association of Pittsburgh has agreed to permit the postmaster to clear postal orders through one of the banks. The experiment is to commence next Monday.

A negro named Anthony Walker was swung off at Marshall, Tex., for shooting William Henry, the wife of the latter agreeing to give the murderer 150 acres of land and $50 in money.

The Erie Road will next week take up the third rail on the Honesdale branch, preliminary to reducing the entire line to standard gauge. The construction of forty locomotives will be necessary.

William R. Lyle, a reporter of the *Times*, was found guilty of assaulting with intent to kill Henry Gregg at the Chicago Driving Park last September, his punishment being fixed at two years in the penitentiary.

Robert Johnson, a robust young negro, died suddenly at Edwardsville, Ill., Friday morning of blood discharges from eyes, nose and mouth. The colored people are alarmed, fearing a contagious and deadly malady is about to break out.

While intoxicated in Boston Thursday night John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, was the cause of a free-fight in a saloon. He, it is said, butted one man with his head, and struck another senseless, but escaped by a rear-door when the police arrived.

At Chenung, Ill., Thursday George H. Fox beat to death John Halliday, the husband of his aunt. The murderer was arrested at Rockford, and was held by the Coroner's Jury without bail. The crime was the result of shocking indignities practiced by Halliday upon his wife and her feeble-minded daughter by a former husband.

Representatives Mutchler, Barksdale and Lyman have been appointed a sub-committee by the Chairman of the Committee on Reform of the Civil Service to consider Representative Taylor's bill to prevent the discharge from Government employ of any soldier or sailor, or widow or dependent relative of any soldier or sailor, without sufficient cause.

Arrested on a Convict's Confession.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Jan. 24.—Kelly Frazee, a noted local tough, was captured in this city Thursday. He was taken to Fort Wayne, where he is wanted for complicity in an attempt to wreck a Wabash train on the night of December 31. The confession of George Scott, who was sentenced to thirteen years' imprisonment for his part in the crime, led to Frazee's arrest.

Submerged by the Susquehanna.

PORT DEPOSIT, Md., Jan. 24.—The lower end of town was suddenly submerged yesterday afternoon. The ice gorged in the Susquehanna north of here moved at three o'clock and formed into great gorges, ten to fifteen feet high, opposite Port Deposit. Subsequently the ice settled and the water fell.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.

FLOUR—Firm. Winter, $3.00@4.75; Spring, $3.00@3.75; low grades, $1.75@2.50; Patents, $4.37½@5.25; Rye Flour, $3.60@4.00.

WHEAT—Rather quiet but steady. No. 2 Spring, 86@90½c; No. 3, 69@70c; No. 2 Red, 82c; No. 2 Spring February, 80½@80¾c; May, 86½@87¼c.

CORN—Prices higher. No. 2 quotable at 38½@38¾c for cash, January and February; 38½@38¾c for March, and 41½@41¾c for May.

OATS—Fairly active and prices firmer. No. 2 quotable at 27¾c for cash; 27¼@27½c for January; 27¾@28c for February; 29⅞@28½c for March, and 31½@31¾c for May; No. 3 quiet.

RYE—Market continues firm. No. 2 cash and February, 62½c; March, 63½c; April, 64c; May, 68½c.

BARLEY—Choice bright quite ready sale, but common grades dull and slow. No. 2 in store was nominal at 65c; sample lots ranged at 45@70c for common to choice.

MESS PORK—Fairly active and prices higher. Quotations ranged at $12.00@12.05 for cash and January; $12.05@12.07½ for February; $12.15@12.20 for March, and $12.40@12.42½ for May.

LARD—Prices higher. Quotations ranged at $6.72½@6.75 for cash and January; $6.70@6.77½ for February; $6.80@6.87½ for March, and $7.00@7.05 for May.

BUTTER—Market firm. Creamery, good to choice, 27@29c; dairy good to choice, 16@18c.

CHEESE—Market quiet. Full Cream Cheddar, 11@12c; Skimmed Cheddar, 2@8c.

EGGS—Firm. Sales were made at 22@24c for fresh lots.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.

FLOUR—Dull and declining.

WHEAT—Opened easier, but afterward became stronger and advanced ¼@¾c. No. 1 White, 94c; No. 2 Red February, 92¼@92¾c; March, 93¼@94¼c; April, 95¾@95¾c; May, 97¼@97¾c.

CORN—¼@1¼c higher, but quiet. Mixed Western spot, 51@55½c; futures, 50@55c.

OATS—¼@¾c higher. Western, 36@38c.

PROVISIONS—Beef quiet and unchanged; Pork steady; New Mess, $13.25@13.50. Lard better; Steam, $7.10.

BUTTER—Steady. Western, 10@35c.

CHEESE—Dull at 12@13½c.

EGGS—Western firm at 22@23c.

DETROIT, Jan. 23.

FLOUR—Quiet. Michigan Winter Wheat, $3.90@4.00; roller process, $4.25@4.50; patents, $5.25; Minnesota patents, $5.50@5.75.

WHEAT—Firm but quiet. No. 1 White cash, 89c; February, 89½c; March, 90c; May, 92½c; No. 2 Red cash, 87½c; February, 88c; May, 93½c.

CORN—No. 2 cash, 43½c bid.

OATS—No. 2 White, 33c; No. 3, 31½c bid.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 23.

WHEAT—Firmer but quiet. No. 2 cash, 82c; January, 81¾c; February, 82c; April, 84¾c asked; March, 83½c asked; May, 86c; No. 2 Soft, 83½c bid.

CORN—Firm but dull. No. 2 cash, 43½c; January, 43c bid; February, 40¾c bid; May, 42¾c.

OATS—Scarce. No. 2 cash, 30½c; February, 30½c bid; May, 32c asked.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 23.

CORN—Active and higher. New High Mixed, 40@40½c; New No. 2 Mixed, 39½@40½c.

OATS—Active and firm. No. 2 White, 31@31½c; No. 2 Mixed, 29½@30c.

RYE—Scarce; No. 2, 65c.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.

CATTLE—Market moderately active and prices steady. Quotations ranged as follows: Native shipping Steers, $4.25@5.25 for poor to fair, and $5.30@6.05 for good to prime; Cows, $2.25@2.75; Bulls, $2.90@3.60; Butchers Steers, $4.00@4.60; Stockers and Feeders, $2.75@4.50.

HOGS—Market fairly active and firm, an prices about 5c higher. Sales ranged at $4.30@4.65 for light; $4.30@4.50 for rough packing, and $4.55@4.75 for heavy packing and shipping lots.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 23.

CATTLE—Firmer; 5@10c higher; exports, $5.40@5.55; good to choice shipping, $5.00@5.30; common to medium, $4.35@4.90; stockers and feeders, $3.35@4.10; cows, $2.50@3.25.

HOGS—Slow; lots, $4.35@4.40; mainly $4.20@4.35.

SHEEP—Active to good, $2.50@3.50.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Jan. 23.

CATTLE—Dull and nothing doing.

HOGS—Slow; Philadelphias, $4.75@4.85; Yorkers, $4.55@4.65.

SHEEP—Weaker.

"After being laid up all winter with sciatic rheumatism I took Athlophoros, an in 24 hours was free from pain." D. G. Stratton, New London, Conn.

THE best on earth, can truly be said of Griggs' Glycerine Salve, which is a sure, safe and speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. Sold by druggists.

"So Near, and Yet So Far!"

BY ALISON.

The kiss partaken for heart a time. Rose looked round at him, clasping her hands tightly together.

"Every one must bear his own burden," she said. "It is nonsense to think anything else."

He saw the misery in her face, the obstinate determination to carry out what she thought to be her duty to the bitter end.

"If you will break my heart and your own, I cannot help you," he said, with the impotent fury of a man when he finds that a woman can be stubborn for once. "But remember that I would have saved you from all you must suffer in your left-handed struggle with the world."

"I do not expect anything but suffering," she said, calmly.

She was thinking as she looked at him how very little she would feel any other grief after the anguish of this parting. She was wondering how she could be able to live, knowing that Adam Wilde was lost to her forever. He looked so strong, so brave and tender, looking down at her with the eyes she remembered so well. She liked his face better now than she had ever liked it—it had a new expression of sorrow and experience which went to her heart.

"I will not give you up," he said, with an obstinacy at least equal to her own. "You may send me away, but I shall never give you up."

His words sent a ray of hope to her heart. If he were content to wait a few years—three or four, perhaps—the children would be able to do without her, their education would be nearly finished, Sara would be grown up, and Jack might be able to help them a little. It was not much to look forward to, but it brought some faint, warm glow of comfort to her heart.

"You have waited so long already!" she said, shaking her head with a very sorrowful smile. "I should think you would be nearly tired of that kind of thing."

"Heaven knows I am tired of it," he exclaimed passionately—"tired to death of it! But, when it is that or nothing, what is a man to do?"

He would have thought nothing of another seven years of servitude, so great was the love he had for her. But the desire to take her in his arms there and then, to say, "I have you now and I will never let you go," was strong within him as he looked down at the pretty, graceful figure in the blue gown, at the fair head, at the cloud of bright, fair hair shadowing the lovely, miserable eyes. She was his, she loved him—it was too much to expect of any man to let her go quietly, without a word.

"Maud, tell me just this once. Is there any hope that you will change your mind?"

"None," she said, solemnly, "because I am convinced that I am doing my duty."

"Is it your duty to condemn yourself to a life of want and hardship because those who ought to have known better chose to make shipwreck of themselves?"

"I think so," she answered, in the same tone, "in certain circumstances."

"And you send me away from you to-day without a vestige of hope?"

"What can I say?" said she forlornly.

"I think you have treated me very cruelly. I think you have treated me worse than you would have treated a dog. But perhaps it was not altogether your fault that my heart was there in the way of your foot. Only never forget that I loved you, Maud, and would have made you happy if you would only have given me the chance."

He turned away, and walked out of the room without another word. She listened to the sound of his feet on the stairs, listened till the front door closed behind him. Then, leaning her arms against the wall and covering her face with her hands, she wept as one weeps only when all is lost.

CHAPTER IV.

"I THINK dear Maud is quite happy at Beaudesert."

"I hope she is," said Adam, without looking up from his plate.

"The Vigorses are very kind to her," Mrs. Harry went on, undeterred by his discouraging manner.

"I am glad to hear it."

"She is quite her own mistress there, and has a pretty room in one of the turrets. You know the turrets that look out on the mere?"

"Yes."

"And grandmamma isn't too troublesome; the worst thing about her is that she's as deaf as a post."

Adam made no answer whatever to this remark. Yet he had watched the reading of Maud's letter impatiently, longing for the moment when Mamie should lay it down and proceed to make him acquainted, as she invariably did, and whatever she knew would interest him about her friend. He would like to have read the letter from beginning to end himself for that matter, but this Mamie was too loyal to Maud to allow him to do.

"I wish I could see her," Mrs. Harry said, sighing. "It seems such an age since last Christmas. If I had imagined it would be such a time before I could meet her again, I would certainly have gone up to London before she started for Beaudesert."

If it had seemed long to Mamie, what had it seemed to Adam Wilde? It was winter when he had seen her last—the depth of winter. It was summer now, glorious summer weather. And in all those weary months he had seen nothing of his sweetheart—of the girl whom he loved as passionately as ever, though he told himself a hundred times a day that she was nothing to him, that she had never cared for him, that she was not worth remembering. She had treated him very badly. So he had persuaded himself, in dreary pacings up and down the Box Walk on winter morning, in lonely musings over his smoking-room fire in winter evenings, when he had sat with his pipe in his mouth staring into the fire and thinking of happy winter evenings seven years before, of happy evenings spent in cold and hardship in Australia, but brightened by the same memory, and by hopes of yet happier times to come.

Maud had treated him very cruelly. Of late he had grown bitter against her—his heart had hardened—he felt that he did well to be angry. For the past two or three months he had striven hard not to think of her at all, good or bad. The breach between them seemed to have widened and deepened. Sometimes Mamie would not mention her for days or even weeks at a time, discouraged by his sullen receipt of her confidence. He persuaded himself that he was "getting over it"—that no woman was worth breaking one's heart about—that she had behaved abominably to him—that she could never had cared for him even a little—that when she said she did she was telling a cruel unwomanly lie. He thought he was resigned, but it was a sullen kind of resignation, a bitter bowing to the inevitable which troubled his sister-in-law more than any mere expression of passionate anger or regret would have troubled her. What Maud had been to him she knew—what her loss had been to him was evident in the changed look of his face. But she could do nothing to help or to comfort him. Maud was a fanatic if she once got an idea of duty into her head. And she knew there was no good to be derived from breaking her heart by telling her how Adam was breaking his.

"Adam, I wish you would change your mind and come with us to Scarborough," she said, glancing at him across the breakfast-table as she slipped Maud's letter back into its envelope. "I can't bear the thought of leaving you here all alone."

"What should I do with myself at Scarborough?" Adam said, shrugging his shoulders.

"Why, you could lounge about the sands and go out boating with the children, and I dare say we should meet some pleasant people——"

"I should hate it," Adam interrupted very decidedly.

"But you will find Wildewood horribly lonely when we are all gone. I can't bear to think of your breakfasting and dining here in this big room all by yourself."

"I am accustomed to being very much by myself."

"But I assure you the change would do you good, even if you did not care about it."

"I shall have change enough before very long. I am going back to the colonies in September."

Mrs. Harry Wilde set down her tea-cup in dismay.

"In September, Adam and you came home for a year!"

"I have enough of home," he said a little bitterly. "The sooner I get back to my work the better. I'm not much pleasure to myself here or to anybody else."

Going back in September, for perhaps another seven years! Mamie looked sorrowfully at the grave weather-beaten face, and if she had not loved Maud, she could almost have found it in her heart to hate her.

"But, Adam, wouldn't it be wiser to wait a little——"

"For what?" he asked almost savagely.

For what, indeed? Would Maud marry him in the spring? Would she marry him if he waited another year; three years longer? Mamie felt that any such vague inducement to remain at home she could not in justice or common sense hold out to him; no man would be content to live on from year to year on such very precarious hope as that.

"It is all very wretched," she said, groping for her pocket-handkerchief in some well-nigh inaccessible convolution of her dress; "there is nothing to be done, I am afraid. There is no use in telling you what I know you won't believe—that Maud is as miserable as you are yourself."

"Miserable?" Adam echoed, with angry scorn. "Haven't you just told me that she is as happy as the day is long?"

"I dont think I said that. I said she was contented—that the Vigorses were very kind to her. Maud is not the kind of girl to go lamenting over herself, or making a poor mouth about her circumstances. If Maud were starving I believe, she would scarcely tell me so, though she knows I would share my last soverign with her. You don't know Maud as well as I do, Adam, or you would know that if she once cared for a person she would never forget him or her as long as she lived."

"I don't believe it," Adam exclaimed, passionately, "or else she lied to me when she said that she cared! I believe a woman will lie to you as fast as she can speak."

"You must not say such cruel things of Maud," Mamie said, bursting into tears, half of sorrow, half of very womanly indignation. "It is too good she is, poor darling, making a martyr of herself for the sake of those helpless children. It is all very well for you to talk and abuse, Adam, but those three children would be in the work-house to-day if it wasn't for Maud."

"As if I would allow that!"

"Oh, but Maud wants nobody's charity! What she gets from grandmamma keeps the three little girls at that school in Moravia—I forget the name of it—and leaves old Mr. Kent whatever he saved out of his property—I think your father told me it was about a hundred a year."

"About that," Adam said gloomily.

"It is just what he can live on in that boarding-house in Brussels. I dare say he is very comfortable, horrid old wretch! And Jack couldn't help them, poor boy—he's got his own way to make in Australia. So, if Maud didn't do for them, the poor little things might go to the work-house, or starve."

"Oh, that is your version of it!" Adam said, getting up from the table impatiently. "Of course you take Maud's part—you always did."

"And I always shall," Mamie said stoutly. "Maud is nobody's enemy but her own, poor darling—hasn't she sacrificed herself for those three little girls?"

"I don't know in what the sacrifice consists! It seems to me she sacrificed herself very willingly; if she had cared a brass farthing for me, she wouldn't have been in such a hurry to make a martyr of herself."

He spoke bitterly—recklessly—as he had spoken lately, whenever Maud happened to be the subject of conversation. Mamie saw that further argument was useless, and worse than useless, since Adam had chosen to take up this idea to his own hurt. So she very wisely changed the subject by asking him what he intended to do with himself that day.

"I have promised to go over to the Norcotts' to play tennis," he told her, without turning round from the window.

"Adam, Bertie Norcott will fancy you are falling in love with her!"

"That child!"

"That child is seventeen, my dear brother-in-law. I advise you not to go too far on the supposition that Miss Bertie Norcott is a child."

"Go too far!" Adam laughed—he could laugh still—shrugging his shoulders. "One would think you expected Mother Norcott to turn round some day and ask me my intentions!"

"She would do it in a minute, if you gave her the ghost of an excuse," Mrs. Harry said, half in earnest. "You don't know Mrs. Norcott as well as I do."

"You don't really think I care a fig about the girl?" Adam questioned, turning round almost angrily.

"Of course I don't because I know you care for somebody else."

But Mrs. Harry Wilde was jealous for her friend. Not that she imagined that for a moment that Adam was in love with Bertie Norcott; but if Maud should hear even a rumor of being there so often, it might make her needlessly unhappy.

"Mrs. Norcott would have given her eyes to have got Tom Fairfax for her daughter," she said. "They made a dead set at him when he was here in the spring—everybody was laughing at them."

"It is a shame to say such things," retorted Adam, who was very much out of temper. "I don't suppose they did any such thing."

"But I assure you they did," Mrs. Harry said equably. "And Bertie got two new dresses—one for our tennis-party, and one for the Lloyds'. But they did not bring Tom Fairfax to the point!"

"I don't suppose Bertie would marry him if he asked her," said Adam, who, like most men, was something of a dog in the manger.

"Wouldn't she?" Mrs. Harry laughed, raising her dark eyebrows. "I rather think her mother would insist upon her marrying him, if she got the chance."

"I think you might all let the child alone," Adam said, irritably. "I don't see any harm in her, and yet you are all down upon her—every one of you!"

Mrs. Harry was a little vexed that he should take Bertie Norcott's part, even though she knew it was done out of pure contradiction. She did not like the girl, and she did not like Adam to flatter her so much as he did by going so constantly to the Deepes. She never imagined he cared for her society more than he cared for the society of any pretty young girl who amused him, and who played tennis well enough to make it worth his while to play with her. That he liked her even, she doubted very much; Bertie Norcott was not all the kind of girl Adam was ever known to admire. But then she had a very gay, childish, innocently-audacious manner, she was exquisitely pretty, and she made no secret of her adoration for Adam, who treated her very much as he might have treated Sara Kent or any other child.

(To be Continued To-morrow.)

Railway Time-Card

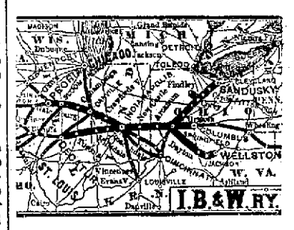
I. B. & W. Ry.

—THE—

GREAT THROUGH ROUTE

—Between the—

East, West, North and South.



—RUNNING—

3 Through Passenger Trains 3

DAILY EACH WAY,

With Elegant New Style

Woodruff Sleepers

And Combination Sleeping and Reclining Chair Cars on Night Trains and Elegant Modern Day Coaches on Day Trains.

Steel Rails, Miller Platforms and Couplers, Air Brakes and all Modern Improvements.

Shortest and most desirable route between the East and West.

Through tickets and baggage checked to all principal points.

Particular advantages offered to Western Emigrants. Land and Tourist Tickets to all points reached by any line.

Trains leave and arrive at Decatur as follows.

GOING EAST.

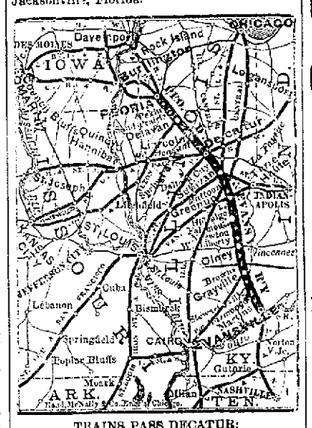
No. 22, Mail and Day Express.....12:05 p m
" 24, Night Express.....10:45 p m
" 26, Way Freight.....5:45 a m

Peoria, Decatur & Evansville Railway.

—Short Line Between the—

NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST.

The favorite route for Burlington, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Galesburg, Davenport, Rock Island, LaSalle, Chicago, St Paul, Minneapolis and all points north and northwest. Connection made at Peoria in Union depot for all points in Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota and Wisconsin. The most direct route for Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Macon, Montgomery, New Orleans and Jacksonville, Florida.



TRAINS PASS DECATUR:

GOING EAST.

Passenger.....10:52 a m
Passenger.....—.....10:15 p m
Freight.....2:15 p m

GOING WEST.

Passenger.....7:00 a m
Passenger.....9:15 p m
Freight.....10:45 a m

CONNECTIONS:

At Peoria, in Union depot, for all points north and northwest

Delavan, with C. & A. (Jacksonville division)
Lincoln, with C. & A. Ry.
Mt. Pulaski, with I. C. Ry. (Springfield Div.)
Decatur, W. St. L. & P. Ry. for all points east and west. I. B. & W. (St. D. Div.), I. C. Ry.
Sullivan, with W. St. L. & P (Altamont Div.)
Mattoon, with I. C. and I. & St. L. Railways.
Greenup, with Vandalia line.
Olney, with O. & M. Ry.
Grayville, with W. St. L. & P. (C. & V. Div.)
Evansville, with L. & N for all points south.

Through tickets to all points north, east, south, and west. Baggage checked to destination

For rates, time, and all reliable information, apply to

H. W. SHIMER, Agent.
G. L. BRADBURY, Vice President and Gen'l Mgr.
H. C. PARKER, Traffic Mgr.
S. M. MILLER, G. P. & T. A.
General Office PEORIA, ILL.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R'Y.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Passenger.....7:25a m
No. 4 Accommodation.....12:13 a m
No. 10 Freight.....4:05 p m
No. 14 Freight.....5:25 p m

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Passenger.....5:35 p m
No. 3 Accommodation.....10:13 a m
No. 9 Freight.....7:40 a m
No. 11 Freight.....12:05 a m

ILLINOIS MIDLAND R'Y.

GOING EAST.

Mail and Express arrives at.....11:25 a m
" " " leaves at.....11:45 a m
Local Freight arrives.....4:20 p m
" " leaves.....5:00 a

GOING WEST.

Mail and Express arrives at.....11:25 a m
" " " leaves at.....11:45 a m
Local Freight arrives.....6:20 p
" " leaves.....5:00 a

D. H. CONKLIN, Gen'l Man'

W. ST. L. & P. R'Y.

GOING EAST.

No. 44, Atlantic Express.....11:55 a m
" 42, Lightning Express.....10:45 p m

The following freight trains will carry passengers with tickets:

Going East.....8:10 a m
Going East.....4:35 a m
Accom Express.....2:55 p m

GOING WEST.

No. 43, Fast Line.....5:05 a m
" 47, Jacksonville Accommodation...6:40 a m
" 45, Fast Mail.....3:30 p m

The following freight trains will carry passengers with tickets:

Going West.....12:30 p m
Going West.....10:40 p m

Chicago Division.

GOING EAST.

No. 4, Chicago Express.....12:05 p m
" 2, Chicago Mail.....12:05 a m

ARRIVE FROM CHICAGO.

No. 3, St. Louis Express.....3:30 a m
" 5, St. Louis Mail.....3:22 p m

St. Louis Division.

GOING WEST.

No. 51, Way Freight.....5:05 a m
No. 3, St. Louis Express.....3:40 a m
" 43 Fast Line.....4:55 a m
" 5, Fast Mail.....3:45 p m
" 45, Pacific Express.....3:00 p m

ARRIVE FROM ST. LOUIS.

No. 48, Chicago Express.....12:15 a m
" 44, Atlantic Express.....11:35 a m
" 42, Lightning Express.....10:30 p m

The following freight trains will carry passengers with tickets on the St. Louis Division:

Going West.....6:00 a m
Arrive from West.....7:00 p m

Champaign Division.

Arrive from East.....10:20 a m
Leave for Champaign.....4:00 p m
Way Freight leaves at 6:10 a m and returns at 6:45 p m

CLOSING SALE!

We are Compelled to Close Out Our Surplus

WINTER STOCK,

Even though at

50% ON THE DOLLAR

We still show large lots of Ladies', Misses', and Children's

UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

CLOAKS!

Blankets, Shawls, Bed Comforts, Dress Goods. Velvets, Silks, Ladies' Flannel Skirts,

Dress Flannels, Cinghams, Jeans, Flannels, Hoods, Cloves, Mitts, Etc., Etc.

We do not intend to carry over for next season any considerable quantity of goods, and are prepared to make any reasonable

Sacrifice,

Short of giving goods away. We carry an ELEGANT LINE and almost complete assortment of

DRESS GOODS, UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY,

And although we do not quote prices or weary you with figures, WE KNOW FROM FREQUENT OBSERVATION that we sell a better class of goods for

LESS MONEY

Than any house in Central Illinois. We invite

LADIES

From the city, vicinity, and from anywhere within trading distance to inspect and price our goods and make the most of THIS GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.

BIG **18** Merchant Street **Cheap Store.**

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®